



Daily MCQ: 03.08.2026

- 1) Consider the following statements with reference to the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD):

Statement-I: The OECD provides a platform for member countries to coordinate economic policies and promote sustainable economic growth.

Statement-II: Every member country of the OECD is also a member of the Group of Twenty (G20).

Which one of the following is correct in respect of the above statements?

- (a) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct and Statement-II explains Statement-I.
- (b) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct, but Statement-II does not explain Statement-I.
- (c) Statement-I is correct, but Statement-II is incorrect.
- (d) Statement-I is incorrect, but Statement-II is correct.

- 2) With reference to the National Institutional Ranking Framework (NIRF), consider the following statements:

- 1. It was launched by the NITI Aayog to foster competitive federalism in the higher education sector.
- 2. The participation in NIRF rankings is currently voluntary for both public and private higher educational institutions.
- 3. The 'Teaching, Learning and Resources' (TLR) parameter includes the evaluation of the faculty-student ratio.

Which of the statement(s) given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

- 3) Which one of the following statements about Geographical Indication (GI) Tags is **not** correct?

- (a) A GI tag identifies goods as originating from a specific geographical region where a given quality, reputation or characteristic is essentially attributable to that place.
- (b) In India, GI registration is governed by the Geographical Indications of Goods (Registration and Protection) Act, 1999.
- (c) A registered GI tag gives the producer community an exclusive right to use the indication for the registered goods.
- (d) Agricultural products and handicrafts are not eligible for GI registration.

- 4) Consider the following statements with reference to the National Biodiversity Authority (NBA):

- 1. NBA is a statutory body established under the Biological Diversity Act, 2002.
- 2. NBA regulates access to biological resources and ensures fair and equitable benefit-sharing.
- 3. NBA functions under the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change.

Which one of the following conclusions based on the above statements is correct?

- (a) All three statements are correct.



- (b) There is no correct statement.
- (c) There are two correct statements that include statement 3.
- (d) There is only one correct statement.

5) Consider the following statements regarding the Uniform Civil Code (UCC):

1. It is mentioned in Article 44 of the Constitution of India.
2. The UCC aims to abolish polygamy by requiring that neither party have a living spouse at the time of marriage.
3. The UCC framework provides for the registration of live-in relationships.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

Explanation

1) Answer: (C)

- **Statement-I is correct:** The OECD (Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development) acts as a forum for member governments to compare policy experiences, seek answers to common problems, identify good practices, and coordinate domestic and international economic policies. Promoting sustainable economic growth and financial stability is a core part of its founding mission.
- **Statement-II is incorrect:** Not every member country of the OECD is a member of the G20. While several major OECD economies (such as the US, Germany, the UK, France, Japan, etc.) are G20 members, many other OECD member countries (such as Switzerland, Norway, New Zealand, Ireland, Austria, and Portugal) are **not** individual members of the G20.
- **Therefore, option C is the correct answer.**

2) Answer: (B)

- **Statement 1 is Incorrect:** The National Institutional Ranking Framework (NIRF) was approved and launched by the **Ministry of Human Resource Development (MHRD)**—now the **Ministry of Education (MoE)**—on September 29, 2015, not by NITI Aayog.
- **Statement 2 is Correct:** Participation in the NIRF rankings is **voluntary** for higher educational institutions (both public and private) across the country.
- **Statement 3 is Correct:** NIRF evaluates institutions across five broad parameter groups. The **Teaching, Learning and Resources (TLR)** category includes sub-parameters such as:
 - **Faculty-Student Ratio (FSR)** (with emphasis on permanent faculty)
 - Student Strength including Doctoral Students (SS)
 - Combined metric for Faculty with PhD/equivalent and Experience (FQE)
 - Financial Resources and their Utilization (FRU)

Therefore, option B is the correct answer.

3) Answer: (D)



Statement (a): A Geographical Indication identifies goods that originate from a particular geographical area and possess qualities, reputation, or characteristics essentially linked to that place. This is the basic concept of a GI tag. **Hence, Statement (a) is correct.**

Statement (b): The protection and registration of GIs in India are provided under the **Geographical Indications of Goods (Registration and Protection) Act, 1999**, which came into force in 2003. **Hence, Statement (b) is correct.**

Statement (c): Once a GI is registered, the authorized producers or producer groups obtain the legal right to use that indication for the specified goods and to prevent unauthorized use by others. **Hence, Statement (c) is correct.**

Statement (d): This statement is incorrect because GI registration is available not only for manufactured products but also for **agricultural products, natural products, handicrafts, food products, and other goods associated with a particular geographical origin**. Examples include **Darjeeling Tea, Kanchipuram Silk Saree, Mysore Sandalwood Oil, and Pochampally Ikat**. **Hence, Statement (d) is incorrect. Therefore, option (d) is the correct answer.**

4) Answer: (A)

- The **National Biodiversity Authority (NBA)** is a **statutory body established under the Biological Diversity Act, 2002** and was set up in **2003** with its headquarters at **Chennai, Tamil Nadu**. **Hence, Statement (A) is correct.**
- It works for the **conservation of biodiversity, sustainable use of biological resources, and fair and equitable sharing of benefits** arising from their use. The NBA regulates access to biological resources by individuals, industries, researchers, and foreign entities through the **Access and Benefit Sharing (ABS) mechanism**, ensuring benefits reach local communities and knowledge holders. **Hence, Statement (B) is correct.**
- It functions under the **Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (MoEFCC)** and advises the government on biodiversity conservation, sustainable resource management, and protection of traditional knowledge. **Hence, Statement (C) is correct.**
- **Therefore, all three statements are correct. Hence, option (A) is the correct answer.**

5) Answer: (D)

- **Statement 1 is correct:** Article 44, enshrined under Part IV (Directive Principles of State Policy) of the Constitution of India, states that the State shall endeavor to secure for the citizens a Uniform Civil Code throughout the territory of India.
- **Statement 2 is correct:** Legislative frameworks proposed or enacted for a UCC establish monogamy as a universal norm by prescribing that neither party should have a living spouse at the time of marriage, effectively abolishing polygamy across communities.
- **Statement 3 is correct:** Recent state-level UCC models incorporate provisions mandating the formal registration of live-in relationships to establish legal accountability and administrative oversight.
- **Hence, option (D) is the correct answer.**