## IAS ACADEMY RUN BY FORMER CIVIL SERVANTS

Daily MCQs: 12-10-2024

# 1. Consider the following statements about Tuberculosis.

- 1) Tuberculosis is a viral disease.
- 2) The BCG vaccine is the only licensed vaccine for prevention of the disease.
- 3) The National Tuberculosis Elimination Programme (NTEP) aims to eliminate Tuberculosis by 2025.

# Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2 only
- C. 2 and 3 only
- D. 3 only

# 2. Consider the following statements regarding Currency swap agreements signed between countries.

- 1) The repayment occurs in a different (from the one that was received) currency at a fixed exchange rate.
- 2) The interest rate charged is usually higher than that available in the foreign market..

# Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

## 3. (iDEX) framework aims to foster innovation and technology development in

- A. Manufacturing and Construction Sector
- B. Defence and Aerospace Sector
- C. Energy and Utilities Sector
- D. Transportation and Logistics Sector

# 4. Consider the following statements about UN Peacekeeping Forces.

- 1) The UN Peacekeeping Forces can only be employed when both parties to a conflict accept their presence.
- 2) The Peacekeeping Forces are subordinate to the leadership of the United Nations.
- 3) Rarely, they have been deployed by a decision of the General Assembly.

## How many of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. Only one
- B. Only two
- C. All three
- D. None

## IAS ACADEMY RUN BY FORMER CIVIL SERVANTS

# 5. Which of the following diseases are categorised as Neglected Tropical Diseases?

- 1) Dengue
- 2) Chikungunya
- 3) Malaria
- 4) Trachoma
- 5) HIV AIDS

# Select the correct answer using the codes given below

- A. 1 and 3 only
- B. 3 and 4 only
- C. 1, 2 and 4 only
- D. 2, 4 and 5 only

### **Solutions:**

# **SERVICE**

#### 1. Answer: C

# **Explanation**

- **Tuberculosis (TB)**, caused by the **Mycobacterium tuberculosis bacteria**, is an ancient disease primarily **affecting the lungs** but can also impact other organs. Hence, **statement 1** is incorrect.
- It spreads through the air when an infected person coughs or sneezes.
- Common symptoms include a persistent cough, fever, weight loss, and loss of appetite.
- TB is particularly prevalent in developing countries, where individuals with compromised immune systems are at higher risk.
- Treatment follows the Directly Observed Treatment Short-course (DOTS) strategy, requiring at least six months of medication.
- The **BCG vaccine** is the only licensed vaccine for prevention, offering effective protection against severe TB in children. Hence, **statement 2** is **correct.**
- The National Tuberculosis Elimination Programme (NTEP) aims to eliminate TB in India by 2025, aligning with the WHO's End TB Strategy. Hence, statement 3 is correct.

#### 2. Answer: A

# **Explanation**

- A currency swap is an **agreement between two cross-border entities where one of them agrees to provide a loan to another in a foreign currency.**
- The repayment takes place in a **different currency** at a **fixed date and an exchange rate**. Hence, **statement 1 is correct**.
- The **interest rate** charged on such loans is **usually lesser** than that available in the foreign market. Hence, **statement 2** is **incorrect**.

## IAS ACADEMY RUN BY FORMER CIVIL SERVANTS

## Why in News?

- The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has entered into a currency swap agreement with the Maldives Monetary Authority (MMA) under the SAARC (South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation) Currency Swap Framework 2024-27.
  - The SAARC Currency Swap Framework came into operation in 2012 to provide a backstop line of funding for short term foreign exchange liquidity requirements or short-term balance of payments stress till longer term arrangements are made.
- Under the agreement, the MMA is eligible for financing support from the RBI amounting to \$400 million under the US Dollar/ Euro Swap Window and ₹3000 crore under the INR (Indian Rupee) Swap Window. The agreement would be valid till 2027.
- This comes at a time when the Maldives is suffering a debt crisis, and previous Chinese loans are due.

### 3. Answer: B

# Explanation

- Innovations for Defence Excellence (iDEX) framework was launched in 2018 by the Government with the aim to foster innovation and technology development in Defence and Aerospace Sector by engaging Industries including MSMEs, start-ups, individual innovators, R&D institutes and academia to promote self-reliance. Hence, answer is option B.
- The underlying objective is to make the country self-reliant and self-sufficient in matters of Defence.
- Fundamentally, iDEX fosters the culture of technology co-creation and co-innovation within the Defence and Aerospace sectors.

## **Implementing Agency**

- Defence Innovation Organization (DIO), a special purpose vehicle under the aegis of the Department of Defence Production, Ministry of Defence, implements the iDEX framework.
- DIO has been formed as a **'not for profit' company** as per Section 8 of the Companies Act 2013 by Hindustan Aeronautics Limited (HAL) and Bharat Electronics Limited (BEL), both Defence Public Sector Undertakings.
- DIO acts as a bridge between the requirements of the Armed Forces and the solution providers.

# Why in News?

• The Defence Minister announced that 26 products have been developed under the iDEX initiative, with procurement orders exceeding ₹1,000 crore.

#### 4. Answer: C

# **Explanation**

• The United Nations Peacekeeping Forces are employed by the UN to maintain or re-establish peace in an area of armed conflict.

## IAS ACADEMY RUN BY FORMER CIVIL SERVANTS

- The UN may engage in conflicts between states as well as in struggles within states. The UN acts as an impartial third party in order to prepare the ground for a settlement of the issues that have provoked armed conflict.
- The **three basic principles** that guide U.N.'s Peacekeeping missions are:
  - Consent of the parties
  - Impartiality
  - Non-use of force except in self-defence and defence of the mandate.
- The UN Peacekeeping Forces may only be employed when both parties to a conflict accept their presence. Hence, statement 1 is correct.
- The Peacekeeping Forces are subordinate to the leadership of the United Nations. They are normally deployed as a consequence of a **UN Security Council** decision. However, on occasion, the initiative has been taken by the **General Assembly**. Operational control belongs to the **Secretary-General and his secretariat**. Hence, **statements 2 and 3 are correct**.
- **India** has been among the largest troop-contributing countries to the U.N. peacekeeping missions.
- The first UN peacekeeping mission was a team of observers deployed to the Middle East in 1948, during the **1948 Arab-Israeli War**.

#### 5. Answer: C

# **Explanation**

- Neglected tropical diseases (NTDs) are a **diverse group of communicable diseases** that prevail in **tropical and subtropical conditions** in more than 140 countries.
- NTDs are caused by a **variety of pathogens** including viruses, bacteria, parasites, fungi and toxins.
- NTDs often thrive in regions with **poor sanitation**, **scarce healthcare access**, and **challenging environmental conditions**, making them difficult to control.
- NTDs are most prevalent in rural areas, conflict zones, and regions with limited access to clean water and sanitation.
- They are called "neglected" because they generally afflict the world's poor and historically have not received as much attention and resources from global health initiatives as other diseases.
- NTD includes Dengue, Chikungunya, **Trachoma**, Human dog-mediated rabies, Leprosy (Hansen disease), Endemic treponematoses (yaws), Human African trypanosomiasis (sleeping sickness), Leishmaniasis, Lymphatic filariasis, etc. Hence, answer is option C.