

OFFICERS IAS ACADEMY

IAS ACADEMY RUN BY FORMER CIVIL SERVANTS

20-09-2021

Que 1: With respect to National Register of Citizens (NRC), consider the following statements:

1. The process of preparing NRC in Assam was for the first time initiated after the Supreme Court order in 2013.
2. NRC updation is being carried out under The Citizenship Act, 1955.

Which of the above statements is/are incorrect?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2

Que 2: Which of the following is/are classic languages:

1. Malayalam
2. Gujarati
3. Odia
4. Hindi

Which of the above is/are correct?

- a) 1, 2 and 3 only
- b) 1 and 3 only
- c) 2 and 3 only
- d) All of the above

Que 3: Often seen in news, Golu is related to:

- a) type of dessert
- b) agricultural practice by tribes of the north-east.
- c) festive display of dolls
- d) tribal dance

OFFICERS IAS ACADEMY

IAS ACADEMY RUN BY FORMER CIVIL SERVANTS

Que 4: With respect to Dengue, consider the following statements:

1. Dengue is a mosquito-borne tropical disease.
2. The mosquito responsible for Dengue infection also transmits chikungunya, yellow fever and Malaria infection.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2

Que 5: Iran shares its land border with which of the following countries:

1. Armenia
2. Syria
3. Tajikistan
4. Kuwait

Which of the above is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 1 and 2 only
- c) 1, 2 and 3 only
- d) All of the above

Explanation

1. Ans a)

- Statement 1 is incorrect. The NRC is the list of Indian citizens and was prepared in 1951, following the census of 1951. Again the process of NRC update has been taken up in Assam as per a Supreme Court order in 2013.
- Statement 2 is correct. NRC updation was carried out under The Citizenship Act, 1955, and according to rules framed in the Assam Accord.

National Register of Citizens (NRC)

- The National Register of Citizens (NRC) is a **register of all Indian citizens whose creation is mandated by the 2003 amendment of the Citizenship Act, 1955.**
- Its purpose is to document all the legal citizens of India so that **the illegal immigrants can be identified and deported.**
- It has been implemented for the state of Assam starting in 2013–2014. The Government of India plans to implement it for the rest of the country in 2021.

2. Ans b)

- **All the Classical Languages are listed in the Eighth Schedule of the Constitution.** Currently there are **six languages which are given 'Classical' status in India:**
 - Tamil (declared in 2004),
 - Sanskrit (2005),
 - Kannada (2008),
 - Telugu (2008),
 - Malayalam (2013),
 - Odia (2014)
- The **Ministry of Culture** provides the guidelines regarding Classical languages.
- Once a language is notified as a Classical language, the Human Resource and Development Ministry provides certain benefits to promote it.

3. Ans c)

- **Golu is the festive display of dolls and figurines in South India** during the autumn festive season, particularly around the multi day Navratri (Dussehra, Dasara) festival of Hinduism.
- These displays are typically thematic, narrating a legend from a Hindu text to court life, weddings, everyday scenes, miniature kitchen utensils, anything a little girl would have played with.
- They are also known as **Kolu, Gombe Habba, Bommai Kolu or Bommala Koluvu.**
- Each displayed item in a golu display is sometimes called a golu doll or equivalent.
- These are typically made by rural artisans from clay and wooden materials then brightly painted.
- Goddess-related themes are common, along with developments such as anticipated weddings within the family and of friends.
- During the golu display season, families visit each other with gifts to view and chit-chat over the golu display, share festive foods, and sometimes play music or sing devotional songs together.
- Major Hindu temples such as the Meenakshi temple arrange elaborate golu displays each year for Navaratri.

OFFICERS IAS ACADEMY

IAS ACADEMY RUN BY FORMER CIVIL SERVANTS

4. Ans a)

- **Statement 1 is correct.** Dengue is a mosquito-borne tropical disease caused by the dengue virus (Genus Flavivirus), transmitted by several species of mosquito within the genus Aedes, principally Aedes aegypti.
- **Statement 2 is incorrect.** This mosquito also **transmits chikungunya, yellow fever and Zika infection.**
- **But malaria is not caused by a virus or bacteria.** It is caused by a parasite known as Plasmodium, which is transmitted by a female mosquito, Anopheles.
- **There is no specific medicine to treat dengue infection.**

5. Ans a)

- Iran has international borders with 13 sovereign countries, both on land and sea. It has a total of 5,894 km (3,662 mi) land borders with its neighbors **Afghanistan, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Iraq, Pakistan, Turkey and Turkmenistan.**
- With a total of 2,440 km coastline, it has maritime borders with 6 other countries, including **Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates.**

