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10th November- Daily mcqs

1. Consider the following pairs regarding the INTERPOL Notices

1. Blue Notice - To provide warning about a person's criminal activities
2. Red Notice - To seek the location and arrest of wanted persons
3. Green Notice - To help locate missing persons, often minors

Which of the above given pairs is/are correctly matched?

- a) 3 only
- b) 1 and 2 only
- c) 2 only
- d) 2 and 3 only

Ans: C

Explanation

- INTERPOL Notices are **international requests for cooperation** or alerts allowing police in member countries to **share critical crime-related information**.
- Notices are published by the General Secretariat at the **request of a National Central Bureau** and are made available to all member countries.
- Notices can also be used by the United Nations, International Criminal Tribunals and the **International Criminal Court to seek persons wanted** for committing crimes within their jurisdiction, **notably genocide, war crimes, and crimes against humanity**.

Ø **Red Notice:** To seek the location and **arrest of wanted persons** wanted for prosecution or to serve a sentence

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- Ø **Yellow Notice:** To help **locate missing persons, often minors** or to help identify persons who are unable to identify themselves
- Ø **Blue Notice:** To **collect additional information about a person's identity,** location or activities in relation to a crime
- Ø **Black Notice:** To seek information on **unidentified bodies**
- Ø **Green Notice:** To provide **warning about a person's criminal activities,** where the person is considered to be a possible threat to public safety
- Ø **Orange Notice:** To warn of an event, a person, an object or a process representing a serious and imminent threat to public safety
- Ø **Purple Notice:** To seek or **provide information on modus operandi,** objects, devices and concealment methods used by criminals

2. Which of the following statements is incorrect regarding the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal (ITAT)?

- a) ITAT is a quasi judicial institution and specializes in dealing with appeals under the Direct Taxes Act
- b) The orders passed by the ITAT are final, an appeal lies to the High Court only if a substantial question of law arises for determination.
- c) ITAT works under the Department of Revenue, Ministry of Finance
- d) ITAT is often referred to as 'Mother Tribunal' for being the oldest Tribunal in the country

Ans: C

Explanation

- ITAT is a **quasi judicial institution** set up in January, 1941 and **specializes in dealing with appeals under the Direct Taxes Acts.**

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- The **orders passed by the ITAT are final**, an **appeal lies to the High Court** only if a substantial question of law arises for determination.
- Starting in 1941 **with six Members constituting three Benches** - one each at Delhi, Kolkata (Calcutta) and Mumbai (Bombay), the numbers of Benches have progressively increased and presently ITAT has 63 Benches at 27 different stations covering almost all the cities having a seat of the High Court
- ITAT **works under the Department of Legal Affairs, Ministry of Law and Justice.**
- ITAT stands out for its **uniqueness of imparting justice to the litigants**, by an inexpensive, easily accessible forum free from technicalities, regarded for its expert knowledge on the subject of Direct Taxes, besides rendering expeditious justice.
- ITAT is often referred to as '**Mother Tribunal**' for being the **oldest Tribunal in the country.**
- More importantly, it is the success of the ITAT, which has prompted the Government of India to constitute **similar Appellate Tribunals for indirect taxes** i.e. Customs, Excise, Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT), Central Administrative Tribunal (CAT) etc

3. Under 'Operation Sanjeevani', India has recently supplied 6.2 tonnes of essential medicines and hospital consumables to tackle COVID -19 crisis to which of the following countries?

- a) Myanmar
- b) USA
- c) Maldives
- d) United kingdom

Ans: C

Explanation

Operation Sanjeevani

- Recently, India supplied 6.2 tonnes of essential medicines and **hospital consumables to Maldives**, under Operation Sanjeevani as **assistance in the fight against COVID 19**.
- The medicines were **delivered by the Hercules C-130J-30 aircraft** of Indian Air Force.
- The medicines include **influenza vaccines, antiviral drugs such as lopinavir and ritonavir** among others as well as consumables such as catheters, nebulisers, urine bags and infant feeding tubes
- In March, India also dispatched a 14-member **Army medical team to Maldives** to set up a viral testing lab there and gifted 5.5 tonnes of essential medicines.
- 1988: **Under Operation Cactus**, the Indian Armed Forces have helped the government of Maldives in the **neutralization of the coup attempt**
- 2014: Under '**Operation Neer**' India supplied drinking water to Maldives **to deal with the drinking water crisis**.

Recently India and Maldives signed four MOUs to boost ties.

4. Which of the following are not included in National Action Plan on Climate Change(NAPCC) ?

- National Water Mission
- National Mission for Enhanced Energy Efficiency
- National Mission for a Green India
- National Soil Mission

Answer (d)

Explanation:

The National Action Plan on Climate change identifies measures that promote development objectives while also yielding co-benefits for addressing **climate change** effectively.

The Prime Minister's Council on Climate Change is in charge of the overall implementation of the plan. There are **eight "National Missions"** which form the core of the National action plan. They focus on promoting understanding of climate change, adaptation and mitigation, energy efficiency and natural resource conservation."

The eight missions are:

- National Solar Mission
- **National Mission for Enhanced Energy Efficiency**
- National Mission on Sustainable Habitat
- **National Water Mission**
- National Mission for Sustaining the Himalayan Ecosystem
- **National Mission for a Green India**
- National Mission for Sustainable Agriculture
- National Mission on Strategic Knowledge for Climate Change

The NAPCC also describes other ongoing initiatives, including:

- **Power Generation:** The government is mandating the retirement of inefficient coal-fired power plants and supporting the research and development of IGCC and supercritical technologies.
- **Renewable Energy:** Under the Electricity Act 2003 and the National Tariff Policy 2006, the central and the state electricity regulatory commissions must purchase a certain percentage of grid-based power from renewable sources.
- **Energy Efficiency:** Under the Energy Conservation Act 2001, large energy consuming industries are required to undertake energy audits and an energy labeling program for appliances has been introduced.

5. What is the correct sequence of occurrence of the following cities in South-East Asia as one proceeds from south to north?

1. Manila
2. Hanoi

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3. Jakarta

4. Phnom Penh

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- a) 4-2-1-3
- b) 3-2-4-1
- c) 3-4-1-2
- d) 4-3-2-1

Answer: C

