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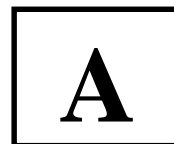
Serial No. 2020102

TESTBOOKLET

Test Booklet Series

GENERAL STUDIES

Test- 7



Time Allowed: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 200

INSTRUCTIONS

1. IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THIS TEST BOOKLET DOES NOT HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TORN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS, ETC, IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET.
2. ENCODE CLEARLY THE TEST BOOK SERIES **A, B, C, or D** AS THE CASE MAY BE IN THE APPROPRIATE PLACE IN THE ANSWER SHEET,
3. You have to enter your Roll Number on the Test Booklet in the Box provided alongside. DO NOT write anything else on the Test Booklet.
4. This Test Booklet Contains **100 questions**. Each item is printed in **English**. Each item comprises four options for responses (answers). You will select the response which you want to make on the Answer Sheet. In Case you feel that there are more than one correct responses, mark the option which you consider the most suitable. In any Case, Choose **ONLY ONE** response for each question.
5. All items carry equal marks.
6. Before you proceed to mark your responses, you have to fill in some particulars in the Answer sheet as per the given instructions.
7. You have to mark all your responses **ONLY** on the separate Answer Sheet provided. See directions in the Answer Sheet.
8. After you have Completed filling in all your responses on the Answer Sheet and the examination has concluded, you should hand over to the invigilator only the Answer Sheet. You are permitted to take the test booklet with you.
9. Sheet for rough work is appended at the end of the Test Booklet.

10. Penalty for Wrong answers

THERE WILL BE PENALTY FOR WRONG ANSWER MARKED BY A CANDIDATE IN THE OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTION PAPERS.

- i) There are four alternatives for the answer to every question. For each question for which a wrong answer has been given by the candidate, **one-third (0.66)** of the marks assigned to that question will be deducted as penalty.
- ii) If a Candidate gives more than one answer, it will be treated as a **wrong answer** even if one of the given answers happens to be correct and there will be same penalty as above to that Question.
- iii) If a question is left blank i.e., no answer is given by the candidate, there will be **no penalty** for that question.

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1. Consider the following statements:

- 1) East India Company acquired a charter from the Queen of England, to make sure there will be no competition to them, in their mercantile activities, in other countries.
- 2) Only after this development, other European powers were inspired to follow the British to India.
- 3) Spices, silk and cotton were the commodities most in demand in India.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 3 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3

2. Consider the following statements–

- 1) Aurangzeb issued a Royal farman to the British to trade duty free, which helped in solidifying their trade in the subcontinent.
- 2) The Bengal Nawabs were against the Company's right to trade, right to mint coins and building fortifications.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2

3. Consider the following statements:

- 1) The Battle of Plassey was fought between Siraj-ud-daulah, Nawab of Bengal and Warren Hastings.
- 2) After the defeat of Siraj-ud-daulah, East India Company promptly took over the administrative rule of Bengal, with a puppet ruler in place.

Which of the statements given above is / are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2

4. Arrange the following in chronological order.

- 1) Defeat of Mir Qasim – Battle of Buxar
- 2) Acquiring revenue duties of villages like Kalikata etc
- 3) Battle of Plassey
- 4) Diwani of Bengal

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- a) 2-3-4-1
- b) 3-2-1-4
- c) 2-3-1-4
- d) 3-1-2-4

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5. Consider the following statements:

- 1) The Company started appointing Residents in the courts of the Rulers, following the Battle of Buxar.

- 2) According to the Subsidiary Alliance, the Rulers could maintain their own standing army, however, all their interactions with other states should be on the terms of the Company and should also have a British resident at their court.

Which of the statements given above is / are correct?

- a) 1 only
b) 2 only
c) Both 1 and 2
d) Neither 1 and 2

6. Consider the following statements –

1. Mysore was under the rule of Wodeyars, before Haider Ali seized the power and built a powerful state.
2. The Battle of Seringapatam, was the battle in which Tipu Sultan defeated the English forces.
3. Tipu Sultan was against all the foreign companies trading in the country.

Which of the statements given above is / are correct?

- a) 1 only
b) 2 and 3 only
c) 1 and 3 only
d) 1, 2 and 3

7. Consider the following statements:

- 1) The Marathas were in constant wars with the British, the third Anglo-Maratha war finally ending the tussle, with the treaty of Salbai, and the removal of the Peshwa.
- 2) Nana Phadnis and Mahaji Sindhia were two prominent Peshwas known from the late eighteenth century.

Which of the statements given above is / are correct?

- (a) 1 only
(b) 2 only
(c) Both 1 and 2
(d) Neither 1 nor 2

8. Consider the following statements:

- 1) The Policy of Paramountcy, was initiated by Lord Hastings (1813-1823), to ensure complete power over the remaining rulers.
- 2) This was challenged by Rani Channama from Kitoor, in an anti-British resistance.
- 3) The Anglo-Afghan Wars were due to the British being wary of Russia entering the Subcontinent.

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Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3

9. Consider the following pairs

- 1) Faujdari Adalat – Civil Court
- 2) Qazi – A Religious head
- 3) Mufti - Police
- 4) Sawars – Horses

Which of the following is/ are correctly matched?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 4 only
- d) None of the above

11. Arrange the following in chronological order-

- 1) Akali Agitation
- 2) Ahmedabad Millworkers Strike
- 3) Rowlatt Act
- 4) Khilafat Movement

Select the answer from the code given below

- a) 2-3-4-1
- b) 2-3-1-4
- c) 3-2-1-4
- d) 3-2-4-1

10. Consider the following statements:

- 1) Cornwallis, during his term, introduced a lot of administrative reforms like separation of Criminal and civil courts for the first time and compilation of Hindu and Muslim laws.
- 2) The Regulating Act of 1773 set up a new Supreme Court in Calcutta.
- 3) The Criminal Courts were generally under the Collector, with a Qazi and Mufti heading it.

12. Consider the following statements regarding Mahalwari Settlement System,

- 1) In British revenue records, mahal is a revenue estate which may be a village or a group of villages.
- 2) Holt Mackenzie was responsible for devising the Mahalwari Settlement System and it was implemented in some regions of Madras and Central India.

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- 3) Under it, the estimated revenue on each plot of land is added up for each village or mahal and is permanently fixed.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 2 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3

13. Which of the following statements is/are correct?

- 1) Nij and Ryoti were two main forms of cultivation of Indigo, followed in India.
- 2) Nij cultivation of Indigo is easier as it does not require a lot of people. The cultivation is on one's own land and using directly hired labour.
- 3) The Ryoti systems involved signing contracts with the planters and farmers, with an advance and input like seeds etc.
- 4) Rice is usually sown as an alternative with Indigo, as the farmers preferred it that way.

Select the correct answer based on the code given below-

- a) 1,2 and 3 only
- b) 1 and 3 only
- c) 2,3 and 4 only
- d) 1,2, 3 and 4

14. Consider the following pairs-

- 1) Bigha – Indigo produce per acre
- 2) Satta - Fertiliser
- 3) Thomas Munroe - Ryotwari Settlement
- 4) Blue Rebellion - 1859

Which of the following is/are correctly matched?

- a) 1 and 3 only
- b) 1 and 2 only
- c) 2 and 3 only
- d) 3 and 4 only

15. Consider the following statements:

- 1) The Blue Rebellion saw the indigo ryots rise up in revolt against the zamindars, village headmen and the planters.
- 2) The Government in response set up an Indigo Commission which held the planters guilty.

Which of the statements given above is / are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2

16. Consider the following statements:

- 1) The Tribes of Central India and North eastern India, practised Jhum cultivation.

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- 2) The Khonds of Orissa, made their survival by hunting animals and gathering forest produce.
- 3) The Baigas were a tribe from Eastern India, who made a living by working in the villages.
- a) 1 and 3 only
b) 2 and 4 only
c) 1 and 2 only
d) 3 and 4 only

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
b) 1 and 2 only
c) 2 and 3 only
d) All of the above

17. Consider the following pairs

- 1) Bhils - Rajasthan
2) Koyas - Andhra Pradesh
3) Paraja - Central India
4) Van Gujjars - North- Eastern India

Which of the following is/are correctly matched?

- a) 1 and 2 only
b) 2 and 3 only
c) 1, 3 and 4 only
d) 2, 3 and 4 only

18. Consider the following pairs

- 1) Bhotias - Central India
2) Santhals - Southern India
3) Meiti - North Eastern India
4) Kandhas - Orissa

Which of the following is/are correctly matched?

19. Consider the following statements:

- 1) The Britishers tried to stop the shifting cultivation of the tribals and make them settle, so that a steady revenue source is available for them.
2) They declared a few regions to be reserved forests and also, forests to be a state property.
3) Bewar is the word used for shifting cultivation in Madhya Pradesh.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
b) 1 and 2 only
c) 2 only
d) 1,2 and 3

20. Match the following -

- | | | |
|-------------|---|--------------------------|
| 1) Santhals | - | A. Shepherds |
| 2) Khonds | - | B. Silk rearers |
| 3) Gaddis | - | C. Hunters and Gatherers |

Select the answer using the code given below

- a) 1-B, 2-A, 3-C
b) 1-C, 2-B, 3-A

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c) 1-B, 2-C, 3-A

d) 1-A, 2-C, 3-B

Select the answer using the code given below

a) 1, 3 and 4 only

b) 2 and 4 only

c) 1, 2 and 3 only

d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

21. Consider the following statements:

1) Birsa Munda, wanted to reform his tribal society and also eliminate outside forces like the dikus and the Europeans, who tried to control the tribe.

2) He was against Christian Missionaries, but supported Hindu landlords and Vaishnavites.

3) Many Tribals were incorporated in Plantations and mining of Assam and Jharkhand.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

a) 1 only

b) 1 and 2 only

c) 2 and 3 only

d) 1 and 3 only

23. Match the following-

1) Nana Sahib - A. Lucknow

2) Begum Hazrat Mahal - B. Kanpur

3) Bakht Khan - C. Bihar

4) Kunwar Singh - D. Delhi

Select the correct answer using the code given below-

a) 1-C, 2-A, 3-B, 4-D

b) 1-B, 2-A, 3-D, 4-C

c) 1-C, 2-B, 3-A, 4-D

d) 1-B, 2-A, 3-C, 4-D

22. Which of the following can be considered factors for the 1857 revolt?

1) The Doctrine of Lapse policy of Lord Dalhousie.

2) Annexation of Awadh.

3) The Laws like Abolition of Sati and encouraging widow remarriage

4) The Higher Taxes on the peasants and zamindars.

24. Which of the following statements is/are correct regarding the consequences of the 1857 revolt?

1) The Revolt was followed by several changed laws, which include increasing the number of Indian troops in the army compared to the Europeans.

2) The Muslims were discriminated, as a consequence, as they were blamed for the revolt by the British.

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- 3) Landlords and Zamindars were protected and their right over their lands was given importance.

Select the correct answer based on the code given below-

- a) 1 only
- b) 1 and 2 only
- c) 3 only
- d) 2 and 3 only

25. Consider the following statements:

- 1) The Government of India Act 1858 transferred the power from the East India company to the British Crown.
- 2) The post of Secretary of State was created, and a council was to advise him, called the Indian council.
- 3) The Governor General was given the title viceroy and was a personal representative of the Secretary of State.

Select the correct answer using the code given below

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 1 and 3 only
- c) 2 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3

26. Consider the following statements:

- 1) The 18th and 19th century, saw the Urbanisation of cities like Machilipatnam, Surat and Delhi etc.
- 2) The Presidencies of the colonial India developed from the trading posts of East India company.

Which of the statements given above is / are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2

27. Consider the following pairs–

- 1) Dargah - tomb of sufi saint.
- 2) Idgah - Open place for Id prayers
- 3) Khanqah - A Qazi's prayer hall

Which of the following is/are incorrectly matched?–

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) 1 and 2 only
- d) 3 only

28. Consider the following statements:

- 1) The Period from 1830 to 1857, is considered the Delhi Renaissance, as there was a rebirth of art, intellectual discourse and creativity.

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- 2) Delhi, before 1857, did not have sharply separated living spaces, between and Indians and English.

Which of the statements given above is / are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2

29. Consider the following-

- 1) In 1877, Delhi Durbar was organised by Viceroy Rippon, to recognise Queen Victoria, as the Empress of India.
- 2) Delhi was rebuilt after 1857, since the British wanted the people to forget about the Mughals and their Suzerainty.
- 3) The Old Delhi is the one that Shah Jahan built, Shahjahanabad fell into decay and damage.

Select the answer using the code given below

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) All of the above

30. Consider the following statements:

- 1) Calico is the fine cotton which the traders purchased from, India in the 17th and 18th

centuries from Calicut and surrounding regions.

- 2) Chintz and Bandana were local names for cotton cloth printed in bright colours and designs.
- 3) Jamdani cloths also had printed motifs and important centres of production were Dacca and Lucknow.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) All of the above.

31. Consider the following statements:

- 1) The Calico Act of 1720, by British government, banned the sale of printed cotton textiles or chintz from India.
- 2) This was done to protect the English producers from the Competition from Indian Textile market.
- 3) Initially, the European trading companies bought Indian Textiles and silk, by importing Silver.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 only

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- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) All of the above

32. Consider the following statements:

- 1) The Tantis of Bengal, Julahas of north India are examples of communities of weavers and dyers.
- 2) In most of the weaving communities, the spinning & weaving were done by women.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2

33. Arrange the following in chronological order –

- 1) Simon Commission
- 2) Congress Poorna Swaraj Resolution
- 3) Communist Party of India Formation
- 4) Dandi March

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- a) 1-2-3-4
- b) 2-1-3-4
- c) 3-1-2-4
- d) 1-3-2-4

34. Consider the following statements regarding cotton textile industry during the British Era

- 1) The first cotton mill was set up in Bombay, as it was close to the fertile black soil of western India where cotton was grown.
- 2) In the first few decades of its existence, the textile factory industry in India faced many problems.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2

35. Consider the following –

- 1) Indian Wootz Steel technology was famous for its razor sharp edges of swords with a flowing pattern.
- 2) Wootz is a high carbon steel, which was made from iron mixed with charcoal, smelted under controlled temperatures.
- 3) The wootz making is specific to only India and not known to be in practice anywhere else.

Select the correct answer using the code given below

- a) 1 only
- b) 1 and 2 only

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- c) 2 and 3 only
- d) All of the above

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 3 and 4 only
- d) 1 and 4 only

36. Consider the following –

- 1) The Production of wootz steel fell was abandoned because of the forest laws imposed by the British, where they prohibited people from entering the reserved forests.
- 2) The Women, often helped directly in the smelting process, by smelting the Iron and steel along with the male members.
- 3) Agarias of central India are some of the communities which specialised in the art of smelting.

Select the correct answer using the code given below

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) All of the above

38. Arrange the following in Chronological Order-

- 1) The Lucknow Pact between INC & Muslim League
- 2) Bengal Partition
- 3) The Surat Split of INC
- 4) Formation of Muslim League

Select the correct answer using the code given below–

- a) 2-4-1-3
- b) 2-4-3-1
- c) 4-2-3-1
- d) 4-2-1-3

37. Consider the following terms

- 1) Bellows - Device to pump air
- 2) Aurang - Equipment for setting the Iron at correct temperature
- 3) Devang - Warehouse or a workshop
- 4) Slag heaps - The waste left after smelting

Select the correct answer using the code given below

39. Consider the following –

- 1) Madrasa - A school or College
- 2) Orientalist - Person who believes the Asian and eastern culture is superior.
- 3) Munshi - A Religious Scholar and guru

Select the correct answer using the code given below

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only

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- c) 2 and 3 only
- d) All of the above

3) As a Consequence, Universities were being set up by 1857, in Madras, Calcutta etc.

Select the correct answer using the code given below

40. Consider the following statements:

- 1) James Mill and Thomas Macaulay were sharp critics of the orientalist approach and regarded Eastern literature unscientific.
- 2) The English education Act and Woods Despatch were introduced based on Macaulay's Minute.
- 3) The Act introduced English as medium of instruction and seek to promote vernacular languages.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 2 and 3 only
- b) 1 only
- c) 1 and 2 only
- d) All of the above

- a) 1 only
- b) 1 and 2 only
- c) 2 only
- d) 2 and 3 only

42. Consider the following statements:

- 1) The Approach of Practical education taken up by the government, was opposed by the Christian Missionaries.
- 2) The first Christian Missionary was established in Serampore, by William Carey.

Which of the statements given above is / are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2

41. Consider the following statements:-

- 1) The Woods Despatch is an educational despatch issued by Charles wood, head of the education commission to the Governor General.
- 2) It emphasized the practical uses of European learning, which could result in an increase in demand for British goods and honest Indian civil servants.

43. Consider the following statements:

- 1) The Local Schools or Pathshalas were large in number and scattered. The System of classes and teaching were very flexible, unlike the English education.

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- 2) The Company after 1854, started promoting Vernacular languages, by appointing government pandits and giving grants.

Which of the statements given above is / are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2

44. Consider the following statements:

- 1) Mahatma Gandhi, was opposed to the colonial Education and called for the vernacular languages to be the medium of teaching.
- 2) Rabindranath Tagore, was opposed to the rigid and restrictive education system and emphasized on a more creative learning.
- 3) Both Gandhi and Tagore, coincided in their views, particularly with respect to despising the western education.

Which of the statements given above is / are correct?

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) All of the above

45. Which of the following Statements are not true?

- 1) Raja Rammohan Roy established the Brahmo Samaj, in 1830, to spread education and fight against social evils.
- 2) He was well versed in various languages like Sanskrit, Persian and French.
- 3) He supported the spread of Western Education and published pamphlets to spread his ideas against practices like sati.

Which of the statements given above is / are incorrect?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 3 only
- d) None of the above

46. Consider the following statements–

- 1) Ishwar Chandravidya Sagar used the ancient texts to support widow remarriage, which resulted in a law in 1856.
- 2) Veerasalingam panthulu, from the madras presidency, is best known for his work to promote women's education.

Which of the statements given above is / are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2

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47. Consider the following statements:

- 1) Swami Dayanand Saraswati founded the Arya Samaj in 1875. The Organisation attempted to change the Hinduism which was existing, by emphasizing the importance of Vedas and reforming it.
- 2) The Association took up initiatives like Shuddhi movement and was against the changes like widow remarriage.

Which of the statements given above is / are incorrect?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2

48. Consider the following statements—

- 1) Schools for girls and Women came up, in the late 19th century, with Associations like Arya Samaj helping in establishing schools in Punjab.
- 2) Pandita Ramabai, was a scholar in Sanskrit, known for her book which is an account of the miserable lives of upper caste Hindu women.
- 3) Jyotirao Phule is best known for his work on educating women and girls in Maharashtra.

Which of the statements given above is / are correct?—

- a) 2 and 3 only
- b) 1 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 2 only
- d) All of the above

49. Consider the following statements regarding the caste hierarchy in 19th century?

- 1) The people of lower castes often found themselves, working in the developing cities, or working in plantations in Mauritius, Trinidad and Assam.
- 2) Certain professions of communities, like the leather workers etc were considered untouchables, because of their work.

Which of the statements given above is / are incorrect?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2

50. Consider the following statements—

- 1) Subhash Chandra Bose, was leading the Indian National Army, to attack the North-eastern part of British India, during the Second World War.
- 2) Sarojini Naidu was the First Woman to become the president of the Indian National Congress.

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- 3) The Congress and other Political Leaders, were ready to support the British in the Second World war unconditionally.

Select the correct answer using the code given below-

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 2 only
- d) All of the Above

51. Consider the Following –

- 1) Maulana Azad, was an exponent of Wahadat-i-deen, that is the oneness of all religions and a staunch supporter of Gandhi.
- 2) C Rajagopalachari led the Non-cooperation Movement in South-India.
- 3) Mohammed Ali Jinnah, played an important role in the success of the Lucknow Pact of 1916.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 1 and 3
- c) 2 only
- d) All of the above

52. Which of the following statements is/are correct?

- 1) B.R Ambedkar considered the Aryans as foreigners, hence having no rights. He proposed for the lower caste to unite and rebel against the caste structure.
- 2) Satyasodhak Samaj was founded by Jyotiba Phule and he wanted to spread Caste equality.
- 3) Jyotiba Phule compared the Lower castes of India to the Black slaves of America, establishing a link between the similar conditions.

Select the correct answer using the code given below

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 1 and 3
- c) 2 and 3
- d) 1,2 and 3

53. Which of the following statements is/are correct?

- 1) Ramaswamy Naicker was the founder of Self Respect Movement, which was against the Brahmins and Upper castes.
- 2) He was a critic of Codes of Manu, Bhagavad Gita etc, as these texts established the authority of men over women and caste structure.

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3) Several Temple Entry Movements, were undertaken by Ambedkar by leading the Mahars to rebel against social and caste Hierarchies.

Select the answer using the code given below

- a) 1 only
- b) 1, 2 and 3
- c) 2 and 3
- d) 3 only

54. Arrange in Chronological Order –

- 1) Arya Samaj
- 2) Abolition of Sati
- 3) Child Marriage Restraint Act
- 4) Widow Remarriage Act

Select the correct order-

- a) 1-2-4-3
- b) 2-4-1-3
- c) 2-1-4-3
- d) 1-2-3-4

55. Consider the following –

- 1) Brahmo Samaj - Promoted Idolatry
- 2) Ramakrishna Mission - Drew upon Upanishads and Christian texts
- 3) Young Bengal Movement - Freedom of thought, and equality among people

4) Paramhans Mandali - Abolition of Caste

Which among the above pairs is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 3
- b) 2 and 4
- c) 3 and 4
- d) 1 and 4

56. Consider the following statements

- 1) Brahmo samaj prohibited idolatry and sacrifice.
- 2) It mostly, drew upon ideals of Upanishads and avoided talking about Christianity.

Which of the given above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2

57. Consider the following statements–

- 1) Vivekananda promoted the idea of salvation through acquiring Knowledge.
- 2) The Young Bengal Movement, questioned tradition, culture and promoted radical ideas.
- 3) Prarthana Samaj drew upon Hindu, Bhuddhist and Christian Texts.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

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- a) 1 and 2
- b) 2 only
- c) 1 and 3
- d) 2 and 3

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 1 and 3
- c) 2 and 3
- d) All of the above

58. Consider the following statements –

- 1) Veda Samaj, was established in Madras, and inspired from Brahma Samaj.
- 2) The Association propagated one god and sought to abolish caste differences, promote women's rights.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2

59. Which of the following Statements is/are correct?

- 1) Sayyid Ahmed Khan was responsible for the Aligarh Movement, which promoted Western Education and Islamic Values.
- 2) The Singh Sabha Movement sought to reform Sikhism and protect it from Outside forces and the corrupting western education.
- 3) Mohammedan Anglo-Oriental College was established in 1875, by Sayyid Ahmed Khan.

Select the answer using the code given below

60. Consider the following statements –

- 1) New Traditions of Art started getting prominent in the 18th and 19th Century, like the Picturesque and Portrait Paintings.
- 2) These new developments had an image of british rule bringing prosperity and civilisation to India.

Which of the above statements is/are incorrect?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2

61. Which of the following statements is/are correct?

- 1) Company Paintings are pictures and paintings commissioned/collected by the company officials, that depict the Indian Subcontinent and included images of local animals, festivals and monuments.
- 2) One Differentiating Factor of Indian and European Artists is that the use of Perspective is done only by the Indian Artists and not the European artists.

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- 3) The European Artists use lights and shadows to make life-like images. villages, who painted paintings of Mythological Gods and goddesses.

Select the answer using the code given below

- a) 1 only
- b) 1 and 2
- c) 1 and 3
- d) 2 and 3

- 2) By the mid-19th Century, Kalighat paintings have evolved to involve worldly themes, with Social and Political Scenarios.

- 3) They are often Satirical in nature and often expressed the emotions of the people.

Select the correct answer based on the code given below-

- a) 1 and 3
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 1 and 2
- d) All of the Above

62. Consider the following statements–

- 1) Kalighat Painting was developed by Patuas and Kumors, near the pilgrimage centre of Kalighat and hence the name to the paintings.
- 2) Kalighat Paintings, initially involved secular themes, scenic images and historical events which are depicted.
- 3) The Images were 3-Dimensional, realistic and life-like, where the images are large, with minimum lines.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 1 and 3
- d) All of the Above

64. Which of the Following is/are incorrect?

- 1) The British fused multiple architectural styles in the building they constructed, to convey their power and glory.
- 2) The Architecture of Bombay, mostly followed the Classical Greece and Rome structure, while building in Calcutta represented a Gothic Style.

Select the correct answer from the codes given below-

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2

63. Which of the following statements is/are correct?

- 1) Patuas and Kumors were scroll painters and potters respectively, coming from poor

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65. Which of the following statements is/are correct?

- 1) Two Different Styles of Painting developed in the late 19th Century, one which is influenced by the Western painting techniques and other by Mural Paintings of Medieval India.

- 2) Abanindranath Tagore, was from the western school of painting and Raja Ravi Varma was from the Indian school of painting.

Select the correct answer based on the code given below-

- a) 1 only
b) 2 only
c) Both 1 and 2
d) Neither 1 and 2

66. Which of the following Statements is/are correct?

- 1) Khan Abdul Gaffer Khan, is a Pashtun Leader, from Northwest Frontier Province of India.

- 2) He is the founder of Khudai Khidmatgars, a non-violent movement among Pathans.

- 3) Also Known as Badshah Khan, he supported the Partition of India in 1947.

Select the correct answer using the codes given below

- a) 1 only
b) 2 and 3
c) 1 and 2
d) All of the above

67. Which of the following factors were responsible for the formation of INC?

- 1) Laws like the Arms Act and Vernacular press Act.
2) Illbert Bill Controversy
3) Partition of Bengal
4) Formation of Organisations like Madras Mahajan Sabha and Bombay Presidency Association.

Select the correct answer using the codes given below

- a) 1, 2 and 3
b) 1, 3 and 4
c) 2,3 and 4
d) 1, 2 and 4

68. Which of the following is/are correct?

- 1) The Ilbert Bill provided for the equality between the British and Indian Judges, so that both can preside over similar cases, that is, both can involve in cases regarding Europeans.

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- 2) Pherozeshah Mehta, Badruddin Tyabji and Dadadhai Naoroji were the first leaders and founders of Indian National Congress.

Select the answer using the code given below

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2

69. Consider the following statements—

- 1) The Congress, in the initial decades took a moderate approach of demanding better representation in the legislature, separation of Executive and Judiciary etc.
- 2) Most of the Demands of the congress were focused on the problems faced by the Educated elite, Zamindars and Industrialists.
- 3) They also demanded repeal of arms act, reduction in military expenditure and reduction in land revenue.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?—

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 1 and 3
- d) All of the above

70. Which of the following statements is true regarding the early extremists of the INC ?

- 1) The Radicals, emphasized on Self-reliance and constructive work which should be practised.
- 2) They were also promoting radical ideas like swaraj, which meant Independence for the people of India.
- 3) Bal Gangadhar Tilak, Lala Lajpat Rai and C R Das were some of the important Extremists.

Select the answer using the code given below

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 3 only
- d) 1 and 3

71. Consider the Following statements —

- 1) The Results of Provincial Elections 1937, strengthened the Muslim League's stand on Two-nation Theory, as it felt, Muslims might end up being the minority always, without any considerable autonomy.
- 2) The Congress, had to finally give into the league's claim of it being the only representative Party of Muslims in India during the Cabinet Mission Plan.
- 3) Direct Action Day was called, as a last resort after the Cabinet Mission talks broke down.

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Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 1 and 3
- c) 2 and 3
- d) All of the Above

demand in the Industrial goods, during the war.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2

72. Consider the following statements–

- 1) The All India Muslim League was formed by a group of Muslim landlords and Nawabs in 1906.
- 2) Muslim League supported the Partition of Bengal unlike the congress.
- 3) One of the league's demands, is separate electorate for muslims which was finally accepted by the British in 1919 Act.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 2 only
- d) 1 and 3

73. Consider the following statements–

- 1) The First World War led to increased prices and rise in taxes for the people of India.
- 2) The Local Industries and Businesses, however prospered because of the increased

74. Which of the following statements is/are correct?

- 1) Poverty and Unbritish Rule in India, was a critic on the economic impact of the British Rule in India, written by Dadabhai Naoroji.
- 2) Lala Lajpat Rai, was closely associated with Brahma Samaj.
- 3) Kesari was a Marathi daily, criticising the Government, edited by Bipan Chandra Pal.

Select the correct answer using the code given below

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 1 only
- c) 2 only
- d) 2 and 3

75. Which of the following is/are correct?

- 1) Mahatma Gandhi was part of the Natal Congress formed in 1895, in South Africa, to fight against the Racial Discrimination.

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- 2) In India, Gandhiji headlined important local Agitations like, Champaran and Kheda, where his Satyagraha and Non-violence methods were practised.

Select the answer using the code given below

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2

76. Consider the following statements regarding Operation Greens

- 1. The objective is to ensure the availability of Tomato Onion Potato (TOP) crops throughout the country round the year without price volatility.
- 2. NAFED will be the nodal agency to implement the price stabilization measures.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2

77. Which of the following islands are located in the Indian Ocean?

- 1. Andaman and Nicobar Islands
- 2. Reunion Islands
- 3. Chagos Islands
- 4. Cocos Island

- 5. Kuril Island

Select the correct answer using the codes given below

- a) 1,2 and 3 only
- b) 1,3 and 5 only
- c) 1, 3, 4 and 5 only
- d) 1, 2 ,3 and 4

78. Exercise Yudh Abhyas is a military exercise between

- a) India and US
- b) India and Thailand
- c) India and France
- d) India and Myanmar

79. Consider the following statements about Bioterrorism

- 1) Bioterrorism is the intentional release of viruses, bacteria, or other germs that can sicken/kill people, livestock, or crops.
- 2) Bacillus anthracis, the virus that causes anthrax, is one of the most likely agents to be used in a biological attack.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2

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80. Which of the following statements about NATGRID is/are correct?

- 1) It is an IT platform to assist the intelligence and law enforcement agencies in ensuring National and internal security, with the ultimate aim to counter terror.
- 2) The office of NATGRID is attached to the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting.

Select the correct answer using the codes given below.

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2

81. Consider the following statements

- 1) The National Animal Disease Control Programme was launched to eradicate the Foot and Mouth Disease (FMD) and Brucellosis in livestock.
- 2) Brucellosis is a zoonotic disease.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2

82. Consider the following statements about Kisan

Maan Dhan Yojana

- 1) Pradhan Mantri Kisan Maan-Dhan Yojana (PM-KMY) is an old age pension scheme for all land holding Small and Marginal Farmers (SMFs) in the country.
- 2) It is a voluntary and contributory pension scheme for people in the age group of 18 to 60 years.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2

83. Consider the following statements

- 1) JALDOOT which is a travelling exhibition on Jal Shakthi Abhiyan, is an initiative which will take the message of water conservation to the masses
- 2) It was initiated by the Ministry of Jal Shakthi.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2

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84. Jan Soochna Portal recently launched by the State Government of Rajasthan, deals with

- a) Proactive disclosure of information about Public authorities
- b) Making land records available to people with unique identification numbers
- c) Processing interest subvention on bank loans to beneficiaries under DAY- NULM
- d) Enhancing the accessibility of information relating to schools by linking educational websites.

85. Consider the following statements about Anti Tank Guided Missile (ATGM)

- 1) Anti tank guided missiles are medium or long-range missiles whose primary purpose is to destroy tanks and other armoured vehicles.
- 2) ATGMs can be launched from land vehicles only.

Which of the above statements is/are incorrect?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2

86. Consider the following statements about United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification (UNCCD)

- 1) It is the sole legally binding international agreement linking environment and development to sustainable land management.
- 2) It has a special/particular focus on South Asia and North Africa regions, and its Secretariat facilitates the allocation of a major portion of financial resources to these regions.
- 3) It is committed to bottom-up approach, encouraging the participation of local people in combating the desertification.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

87. Arrange the following industries in the increasing order of their weightage in the Index of Eight core industries.

- 1) Cement
- 2) Electricity
- 3) Refinery products
- 4) Coal
- 5) Fertilizers

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Select the correct answer using the codes given

below

- a) 5-1-4-2-3
- b) 1-5-2-4-3
- c) 3-2-4-1-5
- d) 2-3-4-5-1

c. Both 1 and 2

d. Neither 1 nor 2

88. Consider the following statements with respect to Regional Anti-Terrorist Structure (RATS)

1. Regional Anti-Terrorist Structure (RATS) is a permanent organ of the Shanghai Cooperation Organization (SCO)

2. It is headquartered in Beijing, China.

Which among the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2

89. Consider the following statements with respect to Shanghai Cooperation Organisation (SCO)

1. All the members share their borders with China.

2. India is a founding member of SCO

Which among the above statements is/are correct?

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only

90. Arrange the following cities of BRICS countries from south to north:

- 1. Rio-de Janeiro
- 2. Johannesburg
- 3. Hong Kong
- 4. New Delhi
- 5. Vladivostok
- 6. Thiruvananthapuram

Select the answer using the code given below

- a. 1,2,6,3,4,5
- b. 2,1,3,6,4,5
- c. 2,1,6,3,4,5
- d. 1,2,6,4,3,5

91. Consider the following statements about a National Park in India:

- 1. It is a part of the Nilgiri Biosphere Reserve.
- 2. Lion tailed Macaques, an endangered species of primate is found here.
- 3. A perennial river named Kunthipuzha passes through this National Park

Which one of the following national parks is best described in the above statements?

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- (a) Jaldapara
(b) Indravati
(c) Silent valley
(d) Pin valley

- (D) Amur Falcon (IV) Kaziranga

Match the above correctly using the following codes:

- | | A | B | C | D |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| (a) | II | I | III | IV |
| (b) | II | IV | I | III |
| (c) | I | III | IV | II |
| (d) | III | IV | II | I |

92. Consider the following statements regarding

Dudhwa National Park:

- It is the only National Park located in the state of Uttar Pradesh.
- This National Park is located in the sub-Himalayan area called the Terai belt.
- Earlier, the region was the abode of the Great One-Horned Rhinoceros, but now it is not found in this National Park.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
(b) 1 and 2 only
(c) 2 and 3 only
(d) 1, 2 and 3

94. Consider the following statements regarding

Pin Valley National Park.

- It boasts a viable population of the Bengal tiger.
- It has tropical evergreen type of vegetation.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
(b) 2 only
(c) Both 1 and 2
(d) Neither 1 nor 2

93. Consider the following pairs

- | | |
|----------------------|---------------------------|
| Bird | Best place to spot in its |
| natural habitat | |
| (A) Sarus crane | (I) Nal sarovar bird |
| sanctuary | |
| (B) Greater adjutant | (II) Dudhwa national |
| park | |
| (C) Great Flamingo | (III) Doyang reservoir |

95. Consider the following statements regarding

Kamlang Wildlife Sanctuary:

- It is located in the state of Arunachal Pradesh.
- River Subansri a tributary of Brahmaputra runs through it.
- Of the five cats of the felidae family (Lion, Indian Tiger, Indian Leopard, Snow Leopard and Clouded Leopard) in India, all species

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except the Asiatic lion is found in this sanctuary.

(c) Pacific Ocean and the South China Sea

(d) Sea of Japan and East China Sea

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 3 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

96. Kuril islands, which separates the sea of Okhotsk from the Pacific Ocean is a disputed territory between,

- (a) Japan and Russia
- (b) Japan and China
- (c) China and Russia
- (d) Vietnam and China

97. North Korea shares its border with which of the following countries?

- (a) South Korea only
- (b) South Korea and China only
- (c) South Korea and Russia only
- (d) South Korea, China and Russia only

98. Miyako Strait or Kerama gap is a waterway which connects:

- (a) Pacific Ocean and sea of Okhotsk
- (b) East China Sea and Pacific Ocean

99. Choose the correct sequence of seas arranged from North to South in the East Asian /Western Pacific region:

- (a) Sea of Japan, East China Sea, Yellow Sea, Sea of Okhotsk, South China Sea
- (b) Sea of Okhotsk, Sea of Japan, Yellow Sea, East China Sea, South China Sea
- (c) Sea of Japan, East China Sea, Yellow Sea, South China Sea, Sea of Okhotsk
- (d) Sea of Okhotsk, Sea of Japan, East China Sea, South China Sea, Yellow Sea

100. Which of the following statements regarding the '9 dash' line is correct?

- (a) International Boundary line between North and South Korea.
- (b) Line of control between South Korea and Japan in the Korea Strait.
- (c) Demarcation line made by China for their claims of South China Sea including Paracel and Spratly islands.
- (d) Boundary line between Russia, China and Mongolia.