

OFFICERS IAS ACADEMY

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Serial No. 1901206

TESTBOOKLET

Test Booklet Series

GENERAL STUDIES

Test- 3



Time Allowed: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 200

INSTRUCTIONS

1. IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THIS TEST BOOKLET DOES NOT HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TORN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS, ETC, IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET.
2. ENCODE CLEARLY THE TEST BOOK SERIES **A, B, C,** or **D** AS THE CASE MAY BE IN THE APPROPRIATE PLACE IN THE ANSWER SHEET,
3. You have to enter your Roll Number on the Test Booklet in the Box provided alongside. DO NOT write anything else on the Test Booklet.
4. This Test Booklet Contains **100 questions**. Each item is printed in **English**. Each item comprises four options for responses (answers). You will select the response which you want to make on the Answer Sheet. In Case you feel that there are more than one correct responses, mark the option which you consider the most suitable. In any Case, Choose **ONLY ONE** response for each question.
5. All items carry equal marks.
6. Before you proceed to mark your responses, you have to fill in some particulars in the Answer sheet as per the given instructions.
7. You have to mark all your responses **ONLY** on the separate Answer Sheet provided. See directions in the Answer Sheet.
8. After you have Completed filling in all your responses on the Answer Sheet and the examination has concluded, you should hand over to the invigilator only the Answer Sheet. You are permitted to take the test booklet with you.
9. Sheet for rough work is appended at the end of the Test Booklet.

10. Penalty for Wrong answers

THERE WILL BE PENALTY FOR WRONG ANSWER MARKED BY A CANDIDATE IN THE OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTION PAPERS.

- i) There are four alternatives for the answer to every question. For each question for which a wrong answer has been given by the candidate, **one-third (0.66)** of the marks assigned to that question will be deducted as penalty.
- ii) If a Candidate gives more than one answer, it will be treated as a **wrong answer** even if one of the given answers happens to be correct and there will be same penalty as above to that Question.
- iii) If a question is left blank i.e., no answer is given by the candidate, there will be **no penalty** for that question.

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1. Consider the following statements

- 1) The Tripartite Struggle as the historians describe, is a fight over the control of Kanauj between, the Palas, Rashtrakutas and the Paramara Dynasties.
- 2) Kannauj is a strategic location, situated in the Ganga Valley.
- 3) The Capital City of Rashtrakuta was Manyakheta.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 3
- b) 1 and 2
- c) 2 and 3
- d) All of the above.

2. Consider the following terms –

- 1) Samantas and Maha-Mandalshevara are titles given to powerful landlords and warrior chiefs who were completely independent from the Kings.
- 2) Dantidurga was the founder of the Rashtrakuta Dynasty, who overthrew his Chalukyan king.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2

3. Consider the following pairs, based on the Dynasties and their specific regions.

- 1) Gurjara-Pratiharas –Western Deccan
- 2) Rashtrakutas – Gujarat and Rajasthan
- 3) Palas – Bengal region
- 4) Chahamanas – Rajasthan and Delhi regions

Which of the above pairs are correctly matched?

- a) 1 and 3
- b) 2 and 4
- c) 3 and 4
- d) 1 and 2

4. Consider the following statements –

- 1) Al-Biruni is best known for his work in Arabic, Kitab-al Hind, which is an account on the Indian Subcontinent.
- 2) Chahamana Rulers ruled in Delhi and Ajmer regions, the prominent ruler being Prithviraj Chauhan who fought against Ghazni in 1191.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2

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5. Consider the following statements regarding the Chola Kingdom–

- 1) Vijayalaya, is the founder of Imperial Chola Empire of the medieval times, who were initially subordinates of the Pallava Kings of Kanchipuram
- 2) Rajaraja Chola, the successor of Vijayalaya, built the city of Thanjavur, in the later years.
- 3) Rajendra Chola had a strong Navy and even raided Southeast-Asian nations and Srilanka

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 3
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 1 and 2
- d) All of the Above.

6. Consider the following statements regarding the societal aspects of the Chola Empire.

- 1) Cholan Architecture had immense growth in its age and the Gangaikondacholapuram Temple built by Rajaraja Cholan is a prominent example.
- 2) Various irrigation methods were taken up like construction of wells, canals and tanks for rainwater harvesting.
- 3) Rajaraja is credited for the expansion of the kingdom and for the reorganization of administration.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 3
- b) 1 and 2
- c) 2 and 3
- d) All of the Above.

7. Consider the following pairs –

- 1) Araiyan – Chief
- 2) Brahmadeya – Brahmana Assembly
- 3) Nagarams – Collection of Villages
- 4) Vetti – Tax in form of Forced Labour
- 5) Kadamai – Land Revenue

Which of the above pairs are correctly matched?

- a) 1,2, 3 and 4
- b) 1,3 and 4
- c) 2,3,4 and 5
- d) 1,4 and 5

8. Consider the following pairs –

- 1) Devadana - land gifted to temples
- 2) Vellanvagai - land of non-Brahmana peasant proprietors
- 3) Pallichchandam - land donated to Jaina institutions
- 4) Shalabhoga - land for the maintenance of a school

Which of the above pairs are correctly matched?

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- a) 1 and 2
- b) 2,3 and 4
- c) 1,2 and 3
- d) All of the Above

9. Consider the following statements –

- 1) The Village Administration of Cholas, had Sabhas which looked after irrigation works, temple works etc with separate committees.
- 2) Nagarams, which had traders also occasionally took up Administrative functions in the towns.
- 3) Nadu is a collection of villages called “Ur”.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 2 and 3
- c) All of the Above
- d) None of the Above

10. Consider the following –

- 1) Delhi , as capital under Tomaras and Chauhans was predominantly a commercial centre, with an abundant Jain population.
- 2) The coins minted here were called Dehliwal.

Which of the above statements are INCORRECT?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2

11. Consider the following

- 1) Tawarikh is a manuscript written in Persian language, recounting the histories and information on a certain dynasty or ruler.
- 2) They were written by learned men and function only as recollection of the events which happened under one’s rule.
- 3) Persian was used because it was more in use with the common public.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 1 and 2
- c) 2 and 3
- d) 1 and 3

12. Consider the following statements –

- 1) Under the Delhi Sultanate, the expansion of the Empire occurred during the reign of Balban and Alauddin khalji.
- 2) The entry into Southern India happened during the reign of Muhammad bin Tughluq.
- 3) Mongol Invasions were a cause of concern during the reign of the Delhi Sultanate.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- a) 1 and 3
- b) 1 and 2
- c) 2 and 3
- d) All of the Above

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13. Consider the following statements –

- 1) The Rulers under Delhi Sultanate preferred special slaves called Bandangan as military officials and Governors of provinces, because of their loyalty.
- 2) Iqtadari System was purely a land Revenue Collection system under the Khaljis and Tughluqs.
- 3) Muqtis were officials charged with leading Military campaigns and maintenance of law and order.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) 2 and 3
- d) 1 and 3

14. Consider the following pairs –

- 1) Kharaj – tax on peasant produce
- 2) Bandagan – Pilgrimage tax
- 3) Khutba – Sermon given by an Imam
- 4) Qibla – The Practice of standing in prayer facing the direction of Mecca

Which of the above are correctly matched?

- a) 1 and 3
- b) 2 and 4
- c) 2,3 and 4
- d) 1,3 and 4

15. Consider the following statements regarding

Alauddin Khalji –

- 1) He is known for agricultural reforms like bringing land assessment and collection of land revenue under state control.
- 2) Siri town was built during his reign
- 3) The soldiers were paid in Iqtas and made into Iqtadars.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 1 and 3
- c) 2 and 3
- d) All of the Above

16. Arrange the following rulers in the chronological order of their rule -

- 1) Shamsuddin Iltutmish
- 2) Ghiyasuddin Balban
- 3) Raziyya
- 4) Ghiyasuddin Tughluq

Select the answer from the code given below

- a) 1-2-3-4
- b) 1-3-2-4
- c) 2-1-3-4
- d) 2-3-1-4

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17. Consider the following statements regarding the Mughals -

- 1) Babur defeated his possible enemies in a series of Battles- that is Battle of Panipat, Chanderi and Khanua chronologically.
- 2) After fleeing from Sher Khan's attack, Humayun received help from Safavid Shah in Iran, during his exile.
- 3) During the later years of Aurangzeb's rule, he annexed the Deccan Sultanates like Bijapur, and Golconda.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 1 and 3
- d) All of the Above

18. Consider the following statements

- 1) The Mughal Rulers ascended the throne in succession to their fathers, and followed the Rule of Primogeniture.
- 2) The Mansabdari System by the Mughals, was a grading system to fix the rank, salary and military responsibilities of the officials based upon their zat and sawars.
- 3) Zat is a numerical value which determines the Rank and Salary, that is, higher the zat, larger is the salary.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 1 and 3
- d) 1,2 and 3

19. Consider the following statements –

- 1) The Mansabdars were paid in Jagirs, that is they had the rights to the revenue obtained from their Jagirs, administered the land and maintained law and order, just like the Iqta System of the Delhi Sultanate.
- 2) The main revenue system was called Zabt, that is tax on the produce of the peasantry, which was calculated on the basis of a 10 year survey of crop yields and prices.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2

20. Consider the following pairs –

- 1) Bakshi – Military Paymaster
- 2) Sadr – Head of Judicial Affairs
- 3) Kotwal - Town Police Commander
- 4) Faujdar - Court poets

Which of the above are correctly matched?

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- a) 1 and 3
- b) 1,2 and 3
- c) 1, 3 and 4
- d) 2 and 4

21. Which of the following statements are INCORRECT?

- 1) Akbar Nama is a detailed account of the reign of Akbar, recorded by the court historian, Abul Fazal.
- 2) Subadar is the Governor of the Province, while Diwan is the Military and Revenue Head of it.
- 3) Akbar's Policy of Sulh-I-Kul or universal peace is based on a set of ideals and does not discriminate between people belonging to different religions.
- 4) Ain-i-Akbari, deals with the Administrative aspects, Army, Revenue, Culture and Geography of the Mughal Empire.

Select the correct answer based on the code given below-

- a) 1 and 4
- b) 2 and 4
- c) 3 only
- d) 2 only

22. Consider the following statements –

- 1) Architecture underwent significant changes in the age of Delhi sultanate, one of them being, usage of Limestone cement, to build stronger and larger constructions.
- 2) The Hindu rulers in the medieval age turned out to be the biggest patrons for temple construction, because they were also meant to demonstrate the power and wealth of the king.
- 3) Jama Masjid was built by Jahangir, in the city of Shahjahanabad.
- 4) The Chaar bagh gardens were first seen with the Mughal Architecture.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- a) 1 and 3
- b) 1, 2 and 4
- c) 2,3 and 4
- d) 2 and 4

23. Consider the following pairs –

- 1) Baoli - Large Stepped Wells
- 2) Pishtaq – A Royal Decree
- 3) Peitra Dura - Ornate Patterns with stones, craved into the walls
- 4) Kandariya Mahadeva Temple - Chandela Dynasty

Which of the above are correctly matched?

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- a) 1, 2 and 3
- b) 2, 3 and 4
- c) 1, 3 and 4
- d) All of the Above

- 2) Mandapikas in smaller towns are markets where villagers sold their produce.
- 3) Hattas, on the other hand were judicial gatherings organised by guild of traders.
- 4) Panchalas and Vishwakaramas are communities consisting of weavers and cotton traders.

24. Consider the following statements

- 1) The Chola Bronze Statues, were made using the Lost-wax Technique, using wax and clay to make the mould.
- 2) Temple Towns were a hub of lot of activities, with the Temple Authorities indulging in finance, trade and banking.
- 3) Examples of Temple towns are Thanjavur, Somanth, Ajmer and Tirupati.
- 4) Ajmer in Rajasthan is associated with the famous Sufi saint, Khwaja Muinuddin Chisti, after he had taken up residence there in the 12th Century.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- a) 1 and 4
- b) 2, 3 and 4
- c) 1,2 and 3
- d) All of the above

25. Which of the following statements are correct?

- 1) The Craftsmen of Bidar were famous for their work with copper and silver, so much so that it was called Bidri.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 3 and 4
- d) 1 and 4

26. Consider the following –

- 1) Hampi is located on the Krishna and Godavari Basin and was the Capital of the Vijayanagara Empire.
- 2) Hampi's Architecture is distinctive, as in, no cementing agent was used and the technique was to wedge them together by interlocking.
- 3) Hampi fell into ruin after the defeat of Vijayanagara kingdom at the hands of the Delhi Sultanate.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 2 only
- c) 3 only
- d) 1 only

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27. . Consider the following statements –

- 1) Surat in Gujarat, was the main centre for the Western Trade in the 18th Century, via the Gulf of Ormuz.
- 2) The Fort of Masulipatnam was built by the Dutch, and the port town was considered strategic because of its location on the east coast.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2

28. Consider the following pairs of tribes and their respective regions

- 1) Gakkhars - Kashmir
- 2) Arghuns – Multan and Sind
- 3) Ahoms – Northeast
- 4) Mundas – Maharashtra

Which of the above are correctly matched?

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 3 and 4
- d) 1 and 4

29. Consider the following statements –

- 1) The Banjaras were one of the more prominent trader nomadic tribes, during the 12th century.

2) Their trade caravan is called “Tanda”.

3) Alauddin khalji used banjaras to transport grain to the city markets.

4) Kamal Khan Gakkhar, the chief of Ghakkars is a contemporary of Emperor Akbar.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 1, 3 and 4
- c) 2, 3 and 4
- d) All of the Above

30. Consider the following statements –

1) The Gond Tribe, lived in a vast forested region called Gondwana and practised shifting cultivation.

2) The Administrative system of the kingdom of Gonds was highly centralised.

3) The Large Gond Tribe was divided into smaller clans of Garhs, Chaurasi and Barhots.

Which of the above statements is/are INCORRECT?

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 3 only
- c) None of the Above
- d) All of the above

31. Consider the following statements –

- 1) Due to the changing societal structures in the Garha Katanga, the tribes got induced into

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the caste hierarchy, with the support of the Brahmins.

- 2) The Gond Chiefs gave land grants to Brahmanas, assumed Rajput titles and even married into Rajput families.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- a) 1 only
b) 2 only
c) Both 1 and 2
d) Neither 1 and 2

32. Which of the following statements are true regarding the Ahoms?

- 1) Ahoms were initially from the Tibet region and later migrated to the Brahmaputra Valley.
2) Ahoms were using firearms, cannons and gunpowder as early as the 16th century, to defeat their neighbouring kingdoms.
3) They built a new large state by suppressing the older landlord system of Bhuiyans.

Select the correct answer using the code given below

- a) 1 and 2
b) 1 and 3
c) 2 only
d) 2 and 3

33. Consider the following statements with respect to Ahom tribal society –

- 1) Ahom society was a monolithic society with no clan system.
2) The peasant was given land by his village community, however, the Ahom king had the right to take it away if and when he choosed to.
3) Historical works in the Ahom language are known as Buranjis, which were later translated into Assamese and other languages.
4) Ahoms practiced Hinduism exclusively.
5) Ahom State depended upon forced labour called Paiks sent from each village.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- a) 1,2 and 5
b) 3 and 5 only
c) 4 and 5 only
d) 2,3 and 4

34. Consider the following statements–

- 1) Nayanars and Alvares were saints who were devoted to Shiva and Vishnu respectively.
2) They took the ideals of love and heroism found in Sangam literature and made Bhakti a distinctly different concept from the existing ideologies.

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3) The compilations of Nayanars are called Divya Prabhandham and Alvar songs are compiled as Tevaram.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 1 and 2
- c) 2 and 3
- d) All of the above.

35. Consider the following statements –

- 1) Shankara advocated Advaita, that is oneness of soul and supreme god that is, Brahman. He preached adoption of intense devotion and love to attain salvation.
- 2) Ramanuja propounded the doctrine of Vishishtadvaita and devotion to Vishnu as a path to salvation.
- 3) Virashaiva movement in Karnataka, preached equality and Idol worship, while denouncing caste and rituals
- 4) Basavanna, Allama Prabhu and Akka Mahadevi were proponents of Lingayatism.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 1 and 3
- c) 2 and 4
- d) All of the Above.

36. Consider the following statements –

- 1) The Famous Saint poets of Maharashtra, were primarily devoted to Vitthala or Vishnu.
- 2) Famous among them are Namdev, Tulsidas and Chaintanya Mahaprabhu etc.
- 3) They rejected ritualism and renunciation, by living with their families and preaching Bhakti.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 1 and 3
- c) 2 and 3
- d) All of the Above.

37. Consider the following statements–

- 1) Sufis are Muslim mystics, who rejected the Shariat Law, elaborate rituals and strict code of conduct prescribed by Islam.
- 2) The well known Sufis of India are Ghazzali, Rumi and Sadi.
- 3) Silsilas was the hierarchy present amongst the Sufi teachers.
- 4) The Sufi masters held assemblies in Khanqahs, which were attended by royalty, nobility as well as commoners.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- a) 1,2 and 3
- b) 1,3 and 4
- c) 2 and 3
- d) 1 and 4

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38. Consider the following pairs –

- 1) Samas - Sufi Dance
- 2) Zikr - Sacred Chanting
- 3) Pir - Sufi master
- 4) Raqs - Sufi songs

Which of the above pairs are correctly matched?

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 2 and 4
- d) 1 and 3

39. Consider the following –

- 1) Tulsidas - A. Ramacharitamans
- 2) Surdas - B. Namghars
- 3) Shankaradeva - C. Yogasnanas
- 4) Nathpanthis - D. Sahitya Lahari

Match the above with their respective contributions

- a) 1-A, 2-C, 3-B, 4-D
- b) 1-A, 2-D, 3-C, 4-B
- c) 1-A, 2-D, 3-B, 4-C
- d) 1-D, 2-A, 3-B, 4-C

40. Consider the following pairs –

- 1) Chaitanyadeva - Bengal
- 2) Jnaneshwar - Central India
- 3) Ramananda - Maharashtra
- 4) Purandaradasa - Karnataka and A.P

Which of the above are correctly matched?

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 1 and 3
- d) 1 and 4

41. Consider the following –

- 1) The collection of verses written by Kabir is called Samad.
- 2) His writings are included in the Guru Granth Sahib and Bijak
- 3) Kabir belonged to the Nirguna School, that is he was devoted to a formless god, and criticised any form of image worship.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 1 and 3
- d) All of the Above

42. Consider the following statements –

- 1) Guru Nanak emphasized on worship of one god, and the pursuit of active life with social commitment as the idea of liberation.
- 2) Guru Arjan compiled the compositions of Guru Nanak and gave a new script called Gurumukhi.
- 3) Guru Granth Sahib features the writing of Sant Kabir, Saikh Farid, Bhagat Namdev etc.

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4) Guru Gobind Singh was a contemporary of Emperor Jahangir, and the Sikh movement got gradually politicized because of the tensions between the community and the Mughals.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- a) 1 and 3
- b) 1,3 and 4
- c) 1,2 and 3
- d) All of the Above

43. Consider the following –

- 1) Ramanuja
- 2) Shankaradeva
- 3) Basavanna

Arrange the above Bhakti Saints in chronological order –

- a) 1-2-3
- b) 1-3-2
- c) 3-2-1
- d) None of the above

44. Consider the following –

- 1) The Chisti Silsilah is the most popular of the Sufi Silsilahs in India.
- 2) Dargah is a place of residence for a Sufi teacher and is considered sacred.
- 3) Khwaja Muinuddin Chishti of Ajmer, Qutbuddin Bakhtiar and Baba Farid of

Punjab belong to the Nashqbandi Silsilah of the Sufis.

Which of the above statements are INCORRECT?

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 3 only
- d) 1 and 3

45. Which of the following statements is/are correct?

- 1) The Jagannatha Cult of Odisha was born out of local tribal people who worshipped Jagannatha and made wooden statues for the deity.
- 2) In 1230, King Ananga Bhima III built the temple of Jagannatha at Puri and dedicated his Kingdom to the Deity.

Select the correct answer based on the code given below-

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2

46. Consider the following statements –

- 1) Kathak as a dance form evolved during the Bhakti movement and is now one of the classical dances.

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- 2) Kathak incorporates Folk dance and themes of Radha Krishna enacted into plays called Ras Lila.
- 3) It has two major Gharanas- one in Lucknow and the other in Hyderabad.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- a) 1 and 2
b) 2 and 3
c) 1 and 3
d) All of the Above

47. Consider the following statements –

- 1) Miniature paintings are small size paintings which are exclusively done on paper and to illustrate manuscripts containing accounts of history and poetry.
- 2) The Miniature painting tradition gained popularity in Rajput, Deccan and other regional courts around the 17th and 18th Century.
- 3) Basohli style of Miniature painting developed in Assam.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 2
b) 2 only
c) 3 only
d) None of the Above.

48. Which of the following statements is/are correct?

- 1) Kangra painting is a school of miniature paintings belonging to the regions around Rajasthan

2) It is distinguished by its incorporations of Vaishnavite traditions and soft colours.

3) Bhanudatta's Rasamanjari is a popular example of Kangra School of painting.

Select the answer based on the code given below –

- a) 1 only
b) 2 only
c) 1 and 2
d) All of the Above

49. Consider the following –

1) The early Bengali Literature, like the Mangalkavyas, and Bhakti texts like that of the biography of Chaitanyadeva were inspired and influenced by Sanskrit.

2) The Nath literature of Bengal, involved stories of worship of regional gods.

3) The Sanskrit influence over Bengal started primarily from the Gupta Rule.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
b) 2 and 3
c) 1 and 3
d) All of the Above

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50. Which of the following statements are true?

- 1) 'Pirs' was a term used to denote religious leaders, Hindu /Buddhist deities and sometimes, even animistic spirits.
- 2) Bengal has a distinct temple architecture, incorporating double roofed and four roofed structures called Bangla domes.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2

51. Consider the following statements-

- 1) Fishing was a prominently depicted occupation on the walls of the temples and Buddhist Viharas of Bengal.
- 2) Brihaddharma purana, a Sanskrit text prohibits the eating of fish for the brahmanical communities in Bengal.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2

52. Which of the following pairs are correctly matched?

- | | | |
|--------------|---|--------------------------------|
| 1. Diwani | - | Governor |
| 2. Subahdar | - | Revenue official |
| 3. Faujdar | - | Military administrator |
| 4. Mansabdar | - | Officials with a military rank |

Select the answer using the code given below

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 3 and 4
- d) 1 and 4

53. Consider the following statements –

- 1) The crisis and numerous rebellions of the later Mughals was due to Aurangzeb's Deccan policy and his various wars.
- 2) There were also various peasant and Zamindari rebellions in the later Mughal era.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2

54. Which of the following statements are true?

- 1) Afghan ruler Ahmad Shah Abdali repeatedly invaded the city of Delhi during the later Mughals, especially during the reign of Muhammad Shah Rangeela.

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- 2) The later Mughal era also saw divided factions in the Mughal nobility, with Iranian nobles and Turkish nobles.
- a) 1 and 2
b) 3 and 4
c) 1, 2 and 3
d) All the above

Select the answer using the code given below

- a) 1 only
b) 2 only
c) Both 1 and 2
d) Neither 1 and 2

55. Arrange the following events in chronological order -

- 1) Attack of Ahmad Shah Abdali.
2) Farruk Siyar's Rule
3) Nadir Shah's Delhi attack.
4) Shah Alam II's Rule

Select the answer using the code given below

- a) 1-2-4-3
b) 3-1-2-4
c) 2-3-1-4
d) 3-2-1-4

56. Consider the following pairs -

- 1) Asaf Jah - Hyderabad
2) Saadat Khan - Awadh
3) Murshid Quli Khan - Bengal
4) Raja Jai Singh - Jaipur

Which of the above pairs are correctly matched?

57. Consider the following -

- 1) The State of Hyderabad was in constant struggle with the Marathas to the West and with the Nayakas.
2) Nizam-ul-Mulk, was the founder of Hyderabad state, who was initially a member of the court of Emperor Mohammad Shah Rangeela

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
b) 2 only
c) Both 1 and 2
d) Neither 1 and 2

58. Consider the following statements-

- 1) Burhan-ul Mulk of Awadh helped in merging the offices of subadari, diwani and faujdari in the region.
2) The state of Awadh depended on Mahajans for loans.
3) The model of bidding the right to collect tax to the highest bidder was practiced in the state of Awadh.

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Which of the above statements is/are INCORRECT?

- a) 1 only
- b) 1 and 3
- c) 2 only
- d) None of the Above

Select the correct answer using the code given below

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2

59. Consider the following statements, regarding states like Bengal, Awadh and Hyderabad, during the Later Mughals.

- 1) The formation of new states, resulted in a new revenue system being developed with a more developed relation between the state and the bankers.
- 2) The collection of revenue was done by the ijaradaris, rather than officers of the state.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2

61. Which of the following statements is/are correct?

- 1) The Sikhs organised into a political community under Guru Gobind Singh against the Mughals.
- 2) Under Banda Bahadur's leadership, they rose in rebellion and seized power. They declared sovereignty by striking coins in the name of Guru Nanak and Guru Gobind Singh.

Select the correct answer using the code given below

- a) 1 Only
- b) 2 Only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2

60. Which of the following statements is/are correct?

- 1) Many Rajputs, particularly those belonging to Amber and Jodhpur, had served under the Mughals as Mansabdars.
- 2) These Rajput chiefs were given autonomy in their respective territories/watan jagirs.

62. Consider the following pairs –

- 1) Jathas - Groups of sikhs
- 2) Dal Khalsa - Grand army
- 3) Gurumatas - Eldest of the Khalsas
- 4) Rakhi - Ceremony to indicate brotherhood

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Which of the above pairs are correctly matched?

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 1, 2 and 3
- d) All of the above

63. Consider the following pairs

- 1) Kunbis - Nomads and weavers
- 2) Misls - Band of Sikh Warriors
- 3) Deshmukhs - Agriculturists
- 4) Chauth - Tax by Marathas

Which of the above pairs are correctly matched?

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 2 and 4
- d) 3 and 4

64. Consider the following statements –

- 1) The Chitpavan Brahmanas served Shivaji's successors as their Peshwas.
- 2) The Military campaigns and Taxes made other rulers hostile towards the Marathas.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 Only
- b) 2 Only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2

65. Consider the following pairs –

- 1) Suraj Mal – Watan Rajput
- 2) Chauth - 10% land revenue
- 3) Churaman - Jats

Which of the above pairs is/are correctly matched?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) 3 only
- d) All of them

66. The arrival of Babur into India led to the

- 1. Introduction of gunpowder in the subcontinent
- 2. Introduction of the arch and dome in the region's architecture
- 3. Establishment of Timurid dynasty in the region.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

67. With reference to the cultural history of medieval India, consider the following statements :

- 1. Siddhas (Sittars) of Tamil region were monotheistic and condemned idolatry.

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2. Lingayats of Kannada region questioned the theory of rebirth and rejected the caste hierarchy.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

68. Banjaras during the medieval period of Indian history were generally

- (a) agriculturists
- (b) warriors
- (c) weavers
- (d) traders

69. With reference to the economic history of medieval India, the term 'Arghatta' refers to

- (a) bonded labour
- (b) land grants made to military officers
- (c) waterwheel used in the irrigation of land
- (d) waste land converted to cultivated land

70. Consider the following statements:

1. In the revenue administration of Delhi Sultanate, the in-charge of revenue collection was known as 'Amil'.

2. The Iqta system of Sultans of Delhi was an ancient indigenous institution.

3. The office of 'Mir Bakshi' came into existence during the reign of Khalji Sultans of Delhi.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

71. Consider the following statements:

1. Saint Nimbaraka was a contemporary of Akbar.
2. Saint Kabir was greatly influenced by Shaikh Ahmad Sirhindi.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

72. With reference to Mian Tansen, which one of the following statements is not correct?

- (a) Tansen was the title given to him by Emperor Akbar.
- (b) Tansen composed Dhrupads on Hindu gods and goddesses.
- (c) Tansen composed songs on his patrons.
- (d) Tansen invented many Ragas.

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73. Which among the following Mughal Emperors shifted emphasis from illustrated manuscripts to album and individual portrait?

- (a) Humayun
- (b) Akbar
- (c) Jahangir
- (d) Shah Jahan

74. Which of the following statements is/are incorrect regarding the Human Rights Act 1993?

- (1) To protect and realize human rights at the grassroots
- (2) The act envisages the establishment of human rights courts at the panchayat level
- (3) It was established in conformity with the Geneva Convention

Select the answer using the code given below

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) None of the above

75. 'Working on a Warmer Planet' is a report published by which of the following

- (a) The International Labour Organization (ILO)
- (b) The International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN)
- (c) Conservation International

(d) United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP)

76. Consider the following statements

- (1) India has a specific law regarding refugees and provisions to deal with cross border migration.
- (2) India has not been a signatory of the 1951 UN Refugee Convention or the 1967 Protocol.
- (3) Citizenship amendment bill has provisions to deal with refugees from all our neighbouring countries.

Which of the following statements is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1,2 and 3

77. Which of the following regarding Coastal Regulation Zone notification 2018 are incorrect?

- (1) It classifies coastal region into 5 different types of zones
- (2) Population and ecological sensitivities are considered while classifying coastal regions

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- (3) Temporary tourism facilities are also proposed to be permissible in the No Development Zone
- (4) Only those projects located in CRZ-II and CRZ III shall require MoEF clearance
- (c) Online platform where parents can view updates on their child's progress.
- (d) The portal will enable in principle approval for MSME loans up to Rs. 1 crore.

Select the answer using the code given below

- (a) 1 only
(b) 1 and 4 only
(c) 3 and 4 only
(d) 1, 2, 4 only

78. The Global Multidimensional poverty index report is prepared by which of the following organizations?

- (a) United Nations Development Programme and the Oxford Poverty and Human Development Initiative.
- (b) World bank and the Oxford Poverty and Human Development Initiative
- (c) World Bank and the United Nations Development Programme
- (d) World food programme and United Nations Development Programme

79. Recently e-baalnidan is in news regarding?

- (a) Online Complaint System for violations and deprivation of child rights
- (b) Online trading platform for agricultural commodities in India

80. Consider the following statements regarding the Protection of Children from Sexual Offences (POCSO) amendment Act, 2019

- (1) The Act deals with sexual offences against persons below 16 years of age
- (2) POCSO act is gender neutral in nature
- (3) It provides for special courts that conduct the trial in-camera and without revealing the identity of the child

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) 1 and 3 only
(b) 1 and 2 only
(c) 2 and 3 only
(d) 1, 2 and 3

81. 'Utkarsh 2022' is recently seen in news regarding?

- (a) A cultural festival to celebrate diversity of India by Ministry of Tourism
- (b) A kite flying festival to be celebrated during Makar Sankranti to commemorate the 75th anniversary of quit India movement
- (c) A three- year roadmap to improve regulation and supervision of the central bank.

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(d) Three year integrated program to promote indigenisation of the defence sector in India

82. Consider the following statements about the Index of Industrial Production(IIP):

- 1) It uses the base year as 2004-2005
- 2) It is compiled by the Central Statistics Office (CSO) under the Ministry of Finance.
- 3) It is a quarterly published index.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 2 and 3 only
- b) 2 only
- c) 1 and 2 only
- d) None of the above

83. Consider the following statements about the G20 grouping.

- 1) G20 is an international economic, military and security alliance.
- 2) European Union and India are permanent members of the forum.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2

84. Which of the following aptly describes a ‘fugitive economic offender’?

- a) One who is absconding from the country after any type of economic offences involving an amount of Rs 100 crore or more.
- b) One who is absconding from the country after not paying his taxes.
- c) One who is absconding from the country for specific economic offences involving an amount of Rs 100 crore or more
- d) One who is residing in our country after the crime done in another country.

85. Consider the following pairs:

Landscapes	Country
Daryâche-ye Orumiye (Lake Urmia)	Iraq
Yellow Sea	North Korea
Rakhine State	Bangladesh

Which of the pairs given above are correctly matched?

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 2 only
- d) 1 and 3 only

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86. With reference to the features of the 'Scheme for Trans-disciplinary Research for India's Developing Economy' (STRIDE), consider the following statements:

1. It provides support to research projects that are socially relevant, locally need based, nationally important and globally significant.
2. It is an initiative of the Ministry of Finance and Ministry of HRD
3. This scheme is open only to the researchers in the economics discipline.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 3 only
- b) 1 and 2 only
- c) 1 only
- d) 2 and 3 only

87. Which of the following statements is / are correct regarding the National Common Mobility Card (NCMC)?

1. It is an initiative of Ministry of Road Transport and Highways.
2. It can be used for retail shopping and as a debit card.
3. It has an inbuilt wallet which can be used for contactless payments.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

88. Which among the following are considered as Classical languages in India?

- 1) Sanskrit
- 2) Hindi
- 3) Marathi
- 4) Tamil
- 5) Odia
- 6) Kannada

Choose the appropriate option:

- a) 1,3, 4 and 6 only
- b) 1,2, 3,4 and 6 only
- c) 1,4,5 and 6 only
- d) 1, 3,4, 5 and 6 only

89. Can dispute settlement take place under the World Bank Group's auspices?

- a) No, because the World Bank Group is a political forum
- b) No, because the World Bank Group is an economic forum
- c) Yes, through the International Court of Justice machinery
- d) Yes, through the International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes

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90. What are the forms of assistance that the World Bank provides to its members?

- a) Technical and financial
- b) Political and financial
- c) Only Financial Assistance
- d) Technical and military

Which of the above is/are responsible for the destruction of habitat in Periyar and Parambikulam tiger reserves?

- (a) 1 and 3 only
- (b) 3 and 4 only
- (c) 1, 2 and 4 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

91. Consider the following statements regarding

Pobitora wildlife sanctuary

- 1. It is spread across the Southern bank of the Ganges.
- 2. The sanctuary is home to the threatened species - The Indian one horned rhinoceros.
- 3. It is dominated by tropical deciduous forest vegetation.

Which of the statements given above is/are INCORRECT?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

92. Consider the following:

- 1. Porous boundaries
- 2. Invasive alien species (Lantana Camara)
- 3. Private estate
- 4. Pilgrimage

93. Consider the following pairs

- | National park | Important species |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| (1) Desert National park | Nilgiri Thar |
| (2) Singalila National Park | Great Indian Bustard |
| (3) Mukurthi National park | Red panda |

Which of the above pairs is/are correctly matched?

- (a) 1 and 2
- (b) 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3
- (d) None

94. Consider the following statements regarding a National Park:

- 1. It shares its boundary with three other national parks namely Nagarhole National park, Wayanad National Park and Mudhumalai National Park.
- 2. It has the second highest tiger population in India.

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3. It is home to Elephants, Leopards, Dhole, Sambar, Sloth bear, Chital etc.
4. It is also a tiger reserve.

Which one of the following national park is described in the above statements?

- (a) Bandipur National park
(b) Bandhavgarh National park
(c) Sri Venkateshwara National park
(d) Dachigam National park

95. Consider the following statements regarding Sambhar lake:

1. It is India's largest salt water lake.
2. It is recognised as a 'Wetland of International Importance' under the Ramsar Convention.
3. The wetland is a key wintering area for Pink Flamingos.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
(b) 2 and 3 only
(c) 1 and 3 only
(d) 1, 2 and 3

96. Consider the following countries:

1. Turkmenistan
2. Uzbekistan
3. Kazakhstan
4. Kyrgyzstan

5. Tajikistan

Caspian Sea is bordered by which of the above countries?

- (a) 1, 2 and 4 only
(b) 1, 3 and 5 only
(c) 1 and 3 only
(d) All of the above

97. What is the correct sequence of occurrence of the following cities from North to South?

1. Kabul
2. Ashgabat
3. Astana
4. Bishkek

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 4-2-1-3
(b) 3-4-2-1
(c) 3-4-1-2
(d) 4-3-2-1

98. Consider the following pairs

Lake	Country
(1) Baikal	Kyrgyzstan
(2) Issyk-Kul	Russia
(3) Balkhash	Kazakhstan

Which of the above pairs is/are correctly matched?

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- (a) 1 and 2
- (b) 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3
- (d) None

99. Which of the following countries share their borders with the Aral Sea?

- 1. Turkmenistan
- 2. Uzbekistan
- 3. Kazakhstan
- 4. Kyrgyzstan

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 3 and 4 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3 only

100. With reference to the Wakhan corridor, consider the following statements:

- 1. It is a narrow strip of territory in Afghanistan, extending into China
- 2. It separates Tajikistan from Pakistan.

Which of the statements given above is /are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2