

# OFFICERS IAS ACADEMY

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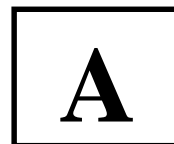
**Serial No.** 1901227

**TESTBOOKLET**

**Test Booklet Series**

**GENERAL STUDIES**

**Test- 6**



**Time Allowed: 2 Hours**

**Maximum Marks: 200**

## INSTRUCTIONS

1. IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THIS TEST BOOKLET DOES NOT HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TORN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS, ETC, IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET.
2. ENCODE CLEARLY THE TEST BOOK SERIES **A, B, C,** or **D** AS THE CASE MAY BE IN THE APPROPRIATE PLACE IN THE ANSWER SHEET,
3. You have to enter your Roll Number on the Test Booklet in the Box provided alongside. DO NOT write anything else on the Test Booklet.
4. This Test Booklet Contains **100 questions**. Each item is printed in **English**. Each item comprises four options for responses (answers). You will select the response which you want to make on the Answer Sheet. In Case you feel that there are more than one correct responses, mark the option which you consider the most suitable. In any Case, Choose **ONLY ONE** response for each question.
5. All items carry equal marks.
6. Before you proceed to mark your responses, you have to fill in some particulars in the Answer sheet as per the given instructions.
7. You have to mark all your responses **ONLY** on the separate Answer Sheet provided. See directions in the Answer Sheet.
8. After you have Completed filling in all your responses on the Answer Sheet and the examination has concluded, you should hand over to the invigilator only the Answer Sheet. You are permitted to take the test booklet with you.
9. Sheet for rough work is appended at the end of the Test Booklet.

### 10. Penalty for Wrong answers

THERE WILL BE PENALTY FOR WRONG ANSWER MARKED BY A CANDIDATE IN THE OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTION PAPERS.

- i) There are four alternatives for the answer to every question. For each question for which a wrong answer has been given by the candidate, **one-third (0.66)** of the marks assigned to that question will be deducted as penalty.
- ii) If a Candidate gives more than one answer, it will be treated as a **wrong answer** even if one of the given answers happens to be correct and there will be same penalty as above to that Question.
- iii) If a question is left blank i.e., no answer is given by the candidate, there will be **no penalty** for that question.

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1. Which among the following is/are known as “factors of production”?
1. Land
  2. Labour
  3. Physical capital
  4. Human capital
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- A. 1 only  
B. 1,2 and 3 only  
C. 2,3 and 4 only  
D. 1,2,3 and 4
2. Consider the following pairs.
- | Crops     | Cropping season |
|-----------|-----------------|
| 1. Kharif | July-October    |
| 2. Rabi   | October-March   |
| 3. Zaid   | March-June      |
- Which of the pairs given above is/are correctly matched?
- A. 1 only  
B. 2 and 3 only  
C. 3 only  
D. All are correctly matched
3. The term “multiple cropping” refers to?
- A. Growing two or more crops one after the other in the same piece of land
- B. Growing two or more crops on the same piece of land in the same growing seasons
- C. Agricultural system in which a farmer conducts different agricultural practice together, such as cash crops and livestock
- D. Practice that believes in natural growth of crops without adding any fertilizers and pesticides or any other foreign elements.
4. Consider the following statements about the “Green revolution”.
1. It was introduced simultaneously throughout India during the late 1960s.
  2. It resulted in improvement of soil fertility in many parts of the country.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- A. 1 only  
B. 2 only  
C. Both 1 and 2  
D. Neither 1 nor 2
5. Consider the following statements.
1. Majority of the farmers in India fall under the category of marginal and small farmers whose landholding is less than 2 hectares.
  2. Land fragmentation is a major reason for the low productivity levels of agriculture in the country.

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Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- A. 1 only
- B. 1, 2 and 4 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2, 3 and 4

6. Consider the following statements: Human capital formation as a concept is better explained in terms of a process, which enables

- 1. individuals of a country to accumulate more capital.
- 2. increasing the knowledge, skill levels and capacities of the people of the country.
- 3. accumulation of tangible wealth.
- 4. accumulation of intangible wealth.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 and 2
- B. 2 only
- C. 2 and 4
- D. 1, 3 and 4

7. In the context of economic activity, the primary sector includes:

- 1. Agriculture
- 2. Quarrying
- 3. Banking
- 4. Mining

8. Consider the following statements about “Sarva Siksha Abhiyan”.

- 1. It aims at providing universal secondary education.
- 2. It is a flagship programme of the Ministry of Skill Development and Entrepreneurship.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

9. Consider the following statements.

- 1. Birth rate is the number of babies born for every 1,000 people during a particular period of time.
- 2. Infant mortality rate indicates the number of deaths of children under 5 years, per 1000 live births.

Which of the statements given above is/are **INCORRECT**?

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- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

10. Auxiliary Nurse-Midwife (ANM) and accredited social health activist (ASHA) focus on which of the following components of healthcare.

- A. Primary health care
- B. Secondary health care
- C. Tertiary health care
- D. Mental health care

11. Disguised unemployment is more pronounced in which of the following sectors.

- A. Automobile sector
- B. Ship breaking industry
- C. Agriculture
- D. Software industry

12. Consider the following statements about the “poverty line” in India.

- 1. At present, it is based on monthly per capita income.
- 2. Poverty line varies across states and between rural and urban regions.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

13. Consider the following statements about the Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee (MGNREGA) Scheme.

- 1. The scheme is restricted only to Below Poverty Line (BPL) households.
- 2. The scheme is available in both rural and urban areas.

Which of the statements given above is/are **INCORRECT**?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

14. Consider the following statements about the Minimum Support Prices (MSP).

- 1. It is announced every year before the sowing season.
- 2. It is approved by the Commission for Agricultural Costs and Prices (CACP).

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only

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- C. Both 1 and 2  
D. Neither 1 nor 2

- A. 1 only  
B. 2 only  
C. Both 1 and 2  
D. Neither 1 nor 2

15. Which of the following initiatives target food security for the population?

1. Mid-Day meals
2. Fair Price Shops
3. Antyodaya Anna Yojana
4. Integrated Child Development Services (ICDS)

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- A. 1 only  
B. 1, 3 and 4 only  
C. 1, 2 and 3 only  
D. 1, 2, 3 and 4

16. Consider the following statements about the National Food Security Act, 2013.

1. The act envisages Universal Public Distribution System.
2. Under the Act, 5 kg of foodgrains is allocated per person per month for priority households category and 35 kg per family per month for Antyodaya Anna Yojana (AAY) families at highly subsidized prices.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

17. The official poverty estimates in India is based on which of the following committee's recommendation.

- A. Kasturirangan committee  
B. Tendulkar committee  
C. Bimal Jalan committee  
D. Basel committee

18. Which of the following statements correctly defines Gross Domestic Product (GDP)?

- A. The value of all final goods and services produced within the country in a particular year.  
B. The value of all final and intermediate goods and services within the country in a particular year.  
C. The value of all final goods and services produced within and outside the country by country's citizens in a particular year.  
D. The value of all final goods and services produced by the country's taxpayers.



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19. Consider the following statements. (Liberalisation Privatisation Globalization)
1. The World Bank classifies countries according to their per capita income.
  2. India is currently placed under upper-middle-income group.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- A. 1 only
  - B. 2 only
  - C. Both 1 and 2
  - D. Neither 1 nor 2
20. With reference to the “Human Development Report”, consider the following statements:
1. It is released by the World Bank.
  2. It ranks countries based on their Gross Domestic Product (GDP).
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- A. 1 only
  - B. 2 only
  - C. Both 1 and 2
  - D. Neither 1 nor 2
21. Consider the following statements about Indian economy.
1. The contribution of the primary sector to the GDP has substantially reduced post LPG
22. Consider the following statements.
1. Money as a medium of exchange is based on the principle of “double coincidence of wants”.
  2. In India, Rupee is the legal tender that cannot be refused in settling transactions in India.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- A. 1 only
  - B. 2 only
  - C. Both 1 and 2
  - D. Neither 1 nor 2
23. The “Grameen Bank” of Bangladesh is well known for
- A. Very high levels of Non-performing assets (NPA)
  - B. Corporate financing

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C. Micro financing

D. Centralised structure

2. Companies which set up units in the SEZs receive tax concessions during the initial stages of production.

24. With reference to the Indian economy before LPG reforms, consider the following statements:

1. India placed no restrictions on imports to promote high domestic consumption.
2. Severe restrictions were imposed on foreign players to invest in India.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

25. The main objective of the World Trade Organisation is to

- A. Foster global monetary cooperation
- B. Liberalise international trade
- C. Work towards global poverty alleviation
- D. Helping developing countries to balance their payments.

26. Consider the following statements about the Special Economic Zones (SEZs).

1. The prime objective of SEZs is to enhance foreign investment by providing world class facilities.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

27. With reference to the Consumers International, consider the following statements.

1. It is a membership organisation for consumer groups around the world.
2. It acts through its member organizations to influence local and international policies that affect consumers.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

28. With reference to Land reforms in India, which of the following statements is/are correct?

1. It was based on the policy of “land to the tiller”.

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2. The first wave of land reforms post Independence tried to bring tenants into direct contact with the government by abolishing intermediaries.

Select the correct answer using the code given below

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

2. Employment is not secure.

3. In India, the number of workers employed in the unorganised sector is less compared to the organised sector.

Select the correct answer using the code given below

- A. 1 only
- B. 1 and 2 only
- C. 1, 2 and 3 only
- D. 2 and 3 only

29. Consider the following statements.

- 1. The process of rapid integration or interconnection between countries is known as Liberalisation
- 2. Removing barriers or restrictions set by the government is known as Globalisation.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

31. With reference to the British rule in India, the term “commercialization of agriculture” referred to

- A. Huge investments by the British in agriculture
- B. Use of scientific agriculture techniques
- C. Introduction of formal lending avenues
- D. Shift towards cash crops

30. With reference to the unorganized sector of the economy, consider the following statements.

- 1. It is characterised by small and scattered units which are largely outside the control of the government.

32. With reference to the British rule in India, consider the following statements.

- 1. There was a significant increase in the export of Indian handicrafts.
- 2. British policies promoted capital goods industries in the country.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?



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- A) 1 only  
B) 2 only  
C) Both 1 and 2  
D) Neither 1 nor 2
- C. Both 1 and 2  
D. Neither 1 nor 2

33. Consider the following statements about NITI Aayog

1. The Governing Council of NITI Aayog is chaired by the Union Finance Minister
  2. It replaced the Planning Commission in 2015
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only  
B. 2 only  
C. Both 1 and 2  
D. Neither 1 nor 2

34. With reference to India's Five Year Plans, which of the following statements is/are correct?

1. The First Five-Year Plan was based on the Mahalanobis model.
2. From the Second Five-Year Plan, there was a determined thrust towards substitution of basic and capital goods industries.

Select the correct answer using the code given below

- A. 1 only  
B. 2 only

35. Consider the following statements about the vision of Indian Economy after Independence.

1. Following command economy model of the Soviet Union.
2. Keeping industries which are vital for the economy under the state's control.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only  
B. 2 only  
C. Both 1 and 2  
D. Neither 1 nor 2

36. The strategy of "import substitution" was employed in India during which of the following period

- A. During the British rule  
B. Post Independence, Pre 1990s  
C. Post 1990s, Pre 2013  
D. Post 2013

37. What is/are the factors which forced India to undertake economic reforms during 1990s?

1. Balance of payment crisis
2. Very high fiscal deficit
3. Very high inflation rates

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Select the correct answer using the code given below

- A. 1 only
- B. 1 and 2 only
- C. 2 and 3 only
- D. 1,2 and 3

Select the correct answer using the code given below

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2,3 and 4 only
- C. 1,2 and 3 only
- D. 1,2,3 and 4

38. With reference to the New Economic Policy of 1991, which of the following statements is/are correct?

- 1. It involved devaluation of Indian Rupee against foreign currencies.
- 2. It started the shift towards fixed exchange rate system.

Select the correct answer using the code given below

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

39. What is/are the policies used by the government to regulate the industrial sector before the New Economic Policy of 1991.

- 1. Industrial licensing
- 2. Controls on price fixation
- 3. Controls on distribution of selected industrial products
- 4. Reservation for small-scale industries

40. Consider the following statements about the World Trade Organization (WTO).

- 1. It was founded in 1995 as the successor organisation to the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT).
- 2. India is a founding member of the WTO.
- 3. WTO has its own dispute settlement mechanism.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1,2 and 3

41. Consider the following statements.

- 1. Dadabhai Naoroji was the first to discuss the concept of a poverty line.
- 2. Casual labourers enjoy more job security and other social security benefits.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

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- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

- 2. Health
- 3. Skill training
- 4. Migration

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

42. Consider the following statements.

- 1. "Trade" forms a part of the secondary sector.
- 2. "Tourism" forms a part of the tertiary sector.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 3 and 4 only
- C. 1,2 and 3 only
- D. 1,2,3 and 4

43. The objective of the Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana is to

- A. Empowering Gram Sabhas by increasing financial allocation
- B. Provide 100 days of wage employment to every household in rural areas
- C. Provide road connectivity to unconnected habitations
- D. Connect 2,50,000 gram panchayats through optical fibre

44. Which among the following can be considered as Sources of Human Capital?

- 1. Education

45. "Kudumbashree" project is related to

- A. Micro-credit programme for women
- B. Family planning
- C. Saving scheme for girl children
- D. Improving Child Sex Ratio

46. The apex body set up in 1982 to coordinate the activities of all institutions involved in the rural financing system is

- A. SIDBI
- B. EXIM
- C. Lead Bank
- D. NABARD

47. "Operation Flood" is related to

- A. Use of High Yielding Variety (HYV) Seeds in agriculture
- B. Creating a nationwide milk grid

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- C. Rehabilitation of Dams more than 100 years old  
D. Wetland restoration
48. Consider the following statements about the Sansad Adarsh Gram Yojana.
1. Under the scheme, each Member of Parliament will take the responsibility of developing physical and institutional infrastructure in three villages by 2019.
  2. MPs would be free to identify a suitable Gram Panchayat for being developed as Adarsh Gram, other than his/her own village or that of his/her spouse.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- A. 1 only  
B. 2 only  
C. Both 1 and 2  
D. Neither 1 nor 2
49. The widening gap between the growth of GDP and employment implies
- A. Frictional unemployment  
B. Economic depression  
C. Growth in labour intensive sectors  
D. Jobless growth
50. How does the National Sample Survey Organization (NSSO) define “unemployment”?
- A. Situation in which people are without work but are actively seeking employment  
B. Situation in which people are without work but have given up seeking employment  
C. Situation in which people are employed at less than full-time or regular jobs  
D. Situation in which people earn less than the minimum wage level
51. Consider the following statements.
1. Coal sources make up the largest share of Commercial Energy consumption in India.
  2. Hydro sources contribute to around 70 per cent of the power generation capacity in India.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- A. 1 only  
B. 2 only  
C. Both 1 and 2  
D. Neither 1 nor 2
52. The objective of the *UJALA* scheme is
- A. To distribute LPG connections to women of BPL families  
B. To save energy consumption by distributing LED bulbs

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- C. To provide skills training and enhance the employability of unemployed youth of J&K
- D. To revive the existing under-served and unserved airports in smaller towns

- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

53. Consider the following statements.

1. The Child Sex Ratio in India is steadily increasing since 2001.
2. *Beti Bachao Beti Padhao* campaign targets to improve the Child Sex Ratio.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

54. Consider the following statements.

1. An ecosystem is said to be within its "carrying capacity" when the resource extraction is above the rate of regeneration of the resource.
2. "Absorptive capacity" means the ability of the environment to absorb degradation.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only

55. The term "*opportunity cost*" refers to?

- A. Value of the forgone alternative choice
- B. Cost incurred by the government to generate employment opportunities
- C. A cost that cannot be avoided, regardless of what is done in the future.
- D. The additional benefit of buying an additional unit of a product.

56. *Appiko movement* is related to

- A. Climate change
- B. Domestic violence
- C. Forest conservation
- D. Temple-entry

57. The report- "**Our Common Future**" - is related to

- A. Artificial intelligence
- B. Space exploration
- C. Sustainable development
- D. Higher education

58. Which among the following can be considered as strategies for Sustainable Development?

1. Promoting Liquid Petroleum Gas (LPG)
2. Biocomposting



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3. Large hydro plants

4. Biopest control

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

A. 1,2 and 3 only

B. 2,3 and 4 only

C. 1,2 and 4 only

D. 1,2,3 and 4

59. Consider the following statements.

1. India, Pakistan and China followed the five-year plan pattern of development during the 20th century.

2. The Great Leap Forward (GLF) campaign was initiated by Pakistan in 1958.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

A. 1 only

B. 2 only

C. Both 1 and 2

D. Neither 1 nor 2

60. 'Kyoto Protocol' is related to

A. Protection of the Ozone layer

B. Prevention of forest fires

C. Reductions in emissions of greenhouse gases

D. Biodiversity conservation

61. Which of the following reasons is/are responsible for land degradation in India?

1. Deforestation

2. Shifting cultivation

3. Crop rotation

4. Overgrazing

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

A. 1 and 2 only

B. 1,2 and 3 only

C. 1,2 and 4 only

D. 1,2,3 and 4

62. Which of the following organizations publish the 'World Development Report'?

A. International Monetary Fund

B. World Bank

C. Shanghai Cooperation Organisation

D. Asian Development Bank

63. Which of the following sources of energy are known as non-conventional sources?

1. Wind energy

2. Petroleum

3. Tidal energy

4. Biomass

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

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- A. 1 and 3 only
- B. 1,2 and 3 only
- C. 1,3 and 4 only
- D. 1,2,3 and 4

- 3. Cooperatives
- 4. Land Development Banks

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

64. Consider the following statements.

- 1. Self-employment serves as the biggest source of livelihood of people in India.
- 2. Women's share in regular salaried employment is more than men.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

- A. 3 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 2,3 and 4 only
- D. 1,2,3 and 4

67. 'Sen Index' is related to

- A. Inflation
- B. Unemployment
- C. Poverty
- D. Press freedom

65. 'Disguised unemployment' is a situation where

- A. The marginal productivity of the workers is zero
- B. People are unemployed in large numbers
- C. People are employed in the informal sector
- D. Unemployment data not covered by NSSO surveys

68. What is/are the consequences of adopting the New Economic Policy adopted in 1991.

- 1. Foreign exchange reserves increased
- 2. Industrial licensing was abolished for the entire private sector

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

66. Which of the following multi-agency institutions dispense institutional credit in rural areas?

- 1. Commercial Banks
- 2. Regional Rural Banks

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69. Which of the following tools are used by the government for quantitative restrictions on imports?
1. Tariff
  2. Quota
  3. Import licensing procedures
- Select the correct answer using the code given below
- A. 1 and 2 only
  - B. 2 and 3 only
  - C. 1 only
  - D. 1,2 and 3
70. Only those consumer goods will be produced that are in demand. It is a characteristic feature of which of the following economies?
- A. Mixed economy
  - B. Capitalist economy
  - C. Socialist economy
  - D. Command economy
71. Which of the following states achieved most amount of success in the land reform program implemented after independence in our country?
- A. Kerala, West Bengal
  - B. Punjab, Haryana
  - C. Maharashtra, Rajasthan, Gujarat
  - D. Andra Pradesh, Odisha
72. With reference to the colonial rule in India, consider the following statements:
1. India's economy under the British colonial rule turned from an agricultural economy to an industrial economy.
  2. Basic infrastructure such as railways, ports, water transport, posts and telegraphs was developed to provide basic amenities to the people.
  3. The introduction of railways in India enabled people to undertake long distance travel and thereby break geographical and cultural barriers.
  4. The introduction of railways in India fostered commercialisation of Indian agriculture.
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- A. 3 and 4 only
  - B. 1,3 and 4 only
  - C. 2,3 and 4 only
  - D. 1,2,3 and 4
73. Consider the following statements:
1. The primary sector covers activities in which natural products are changed into other forms through industrial activities.
  2. Knowledge-based economic activities are included in the quaternary sector.

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Which of the statements given above is/are

**INCORRECT?**

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

C. Number of people dying prematurely due to a particular disease and number of years spent by them in a state of 'disability' owing to the disease

D. Financial burden on people's income due to non-communicable diseases

74. Consider the following statements:

- 1. Activities in the tertiary sector, by themselves, do not produce a good but they are an aid or a support for the production process.
- 2. Greater the development in primary and secondary sectors, more would be the demand for the service sector.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

76. Consider the following statements.

- 1. The money which is deposited in the bank accounts of the people and can also be withdrawn on demand is called a demand deposit.
- 2. Along with currency, demand deposits constitute money in the modern economy.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

75. Global Burden of Diseases (GBD) is an indicator used to gauge

- A. Number of people dying prematurely due to a particular disease
- B. Number of years spent by the people in a state of 'disability' owing to some disease

77. With reference to the foreign trade in the colonial era, consider the following statements.

- 1. India's foreign trade throughout the colonial period resulted in large export surplus.
- 2. The export surplus resulted in huge flow of gold and silver into India.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

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- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

3) Geographical indication Tag can be given for industrial goods only.

**Which of the above statements is/are incorrect?**

- a) 1 only
- b) 1 and 3 only
- c) 3 only
- d) 1,2 and 3

**78. As per the latest India State of Forest Report (ISFR) arrange the following states in the increasing order of forest cover with respect to the percentage of its geographical area.**

- (1) Punjab
- (2) Goa
- (3) Sikkim
- (4) Lakshadweep

**Select the correct answer using the codes given below**

- (a) 1-2-4-3
- (b) 1-2-3-4
- (c) 1-2-4-3
- (d) 3-4-1-2

**79. Consider the following statements about Geographical Indication Tag.**

- 1) A geographical indication (GI) is a sign used on products that have a specific geographical origin and possess qualities or a reputation that is due to that place of origin.
- 2) Recently Kandangi saree from Karnataka received GI tag.

80. It is a climate change mitigation solution developed by Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC). It incentivises developing countries to keep their forests standing by offering result based payments for actions to remove or reduce forest carbon emissions.

**The above description refers to which of the following?**

- a) Kyoto Protocol
- b) REDD+ initiative
- c) Stockholm Convention
- d) Montreal Protocol

**81. Which of the following statements about Food Safety and Standards Authority of India (FSSAI) is/are correct?**

- 1) Food Safety and Standards Authority of India (FSSAI) is an autonomous statutory body



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established under the Food Safety and Standards Act, 2006 (FSS Act).

- 2) RUCO (Repurpose Used Cooking Oil) is an initiative of FSSAI.

**Select the correct answer using the codes given below**

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2

**82. Consider the following statements about Intermediate-Range Nuclear Forces Treaty (INFT) signed between the United States and the Soviet Union**

- 1) The agreement has obliged the two countries to eliminate all missiles of the range 500-5500 kms.
- 2) This treaty marked the first time when the superpowers agreed to abolish an entire category of nuclear weapons.

**Which of the above statements is/are correct?**

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2

**83. Which of the following statements is/are correct about AWaRe?**

- 1) It is an online tool aimed at guiding policy-makers and health workers to use antibiotics safely and more effectively.
- 2) It is an initiative of Niti Aayog.

**Select the correct answer using the code given below**

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2

**84. Consider the following statements with reference to Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)**

- (1) India is the first country in the world to make corporate social responsibility (CSR) mandatory.
- (2) The Provisions of CSR are not applicable to a Foreign Company having a Branch office or project in India.

**Which of the above statements is/are incorrect?**

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

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85. Consider the following statements about

**Kartarpur Corridor**

- 1) Kartarpur Sahib is located across the Ravi River which is a tributary of Indus.
- 2) The corridor is the first visa-free corridor between India and Pakistan since Independence.
- 3) Gurunank was born and also died in Kartarpur.

**Which of the above statements is/are correct?**

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 1,2 and 3

86. Consider the following statements about Lake

**Baikal**

- 1) Lake Baikal is completely enclosed in Russia.
- 2) Lake Baikal is the largest freshwater lake by volume in the world and the world's deepest lake.

**Which of the above statements is/are correct?**

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2

87. Which of the following are sources of Sulphur

**dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>)?**

- 1) Burning of fossil fuels in power plants
- 2) Vehicular emission
- 3) Extracting metal from ore
- 4) Volcanoes

**Select the correct answer using the codes given below**

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 1,2 and 3 only
- c) 2,3 and 4 only
- d) 1,2,3 and 4

88. Which among the following are Sustainable Development Goals that are intended to be achieved by the year 2030?

- 1) Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources.
- 2) Provide access to justice for all
- 3) Promote peaceful and inclusive societies.
- 4) Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth.
- 5) Provide full and productive employment and decent work for all.
- 6) Reduce inequality within and among countries

**Select the correct answer using the codes given below:**

- a) 3,4,5 and 6 only
- b) 2,4,5 and 6 only

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c) 2,3,4,5 and 6

d) 1,2,3,4,5,6

89. 'Meghadoot app' recently seen in news is related to

(a) Online training program for teachers

(b) An app that protects social media users from online toxicity

(c) Online portal for reporting child Labour

(d) An Agro-advisory app to assist farmers

90. Consider the following statements with respect to the United Nations Security Council(UNSC):

(1) The United Nations Security Council is composed of 15 members of which 5 are permanent members and 10 are non-permanent members.

(2) Recently, India became the non-permanent member of UNSC for the first time.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

(a) 1 only

(b) 2 only

(c) Both 1 and 2

(d) Neither 1 nor 2

91. Consider the following statements about a National park in India:

1. It is home to India's only ape species Hoolock gibbon.

2. It has an equatorial type of vegetation.

Which one of the following national park is best described in the above statements?

(a) Mathikettan Shola

(b) Intanki

(c) Bandhavgarh

(d) Anamudi

92. If someone enters this national park they can spot large groups of waterfowl in the Kabini river. It is also an ideal place to spot elephants, because of its highest density of Asiatic elephant in the entire world. One can also notice trees like rosewood, sandalwood, teakwood, silver oak in the forest. Which of the following National Park is described in the above given statements?

(a) Jim Corbett

(b) Pobitora

(c) Nagarhole

(d) Bannerghatta

93. Consider the following statements regarding Sundarbans:

1. It is designated as a biosphere reserve by the Indian government but it is yet to be included in 'World Network of Biosphere Reserves' by UNESCO.

2. It is designated as a Wetland of International Importance under the Ramsar Convention.

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3. It is the only mangrove forest in the world which is the habitat of tigers.  
Which of the statements given above is/are correct?  
(a) 1 only  
(b) 1 and 2 only  
(c) 2 and 3 only  
(d) None of the above
94. Consider the following statements regarding the Great Himalayan National Park.  
1. It is a UNESCO world heritage site.  
2. It is located in the state of Arunachal Pradesh.  
3. This National Park is also famous for the Brown antlered deer (Sangai deer).  
Which of the statements given above is/are correct?  
(a) 1 only  
(b) 2 and 3 only  
(c) 1 and 3 only  
(d) None of the above
95. Identify the correct order of national parks when arranged from North to South?  
(a) Rajaji, Mukurthi, Pachmari, Manas  
(b) Rajaji, Manas, Pachmari, Mukurthi  
(c) Manas, Rajaji, Mukurthi, Pachmari  
(d) Manas, Rajaji, Pachmari, Mukurthi
96. Which of the following countries in Central America do not border both the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans?  
(a) Belize and El Salvador  
(b) Guatemala and Honduras  
(c) Nicaragua and Costa Rica  
(d) Panama and Honduras
97. Consider the following statements about Great Lakes of North America:  
1. Lake Erie is the only great lake situated entirely within the USA.  
2. Niagara River and Niagara Falls connect Lake Erie to Lake Ontario.  
3. Various systems of canals and rivers make the great lakes accessible to the ocean going vessels.  
Which of the statements given above is/are correct?  
(a) 1 only  
(b) 1 and 3 only  
(c) 2 and 3 only  
(d) All of the above
98. Consider the following pairs  
Desert                      Region  
(1) Mojave                      Rain shadow desert in North America  
(2) Atacama                      Cold desert in Canada

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(3) Patagonia Cold desert in Argentina

Which of the above pairs is/are correctly matched?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) None of the above

99. Choose the correct sequence of Mountain ranges arranged from West to East in North America?

- (a) Coastal range, Cascade Range, Rocky Mountain, Appalachian range
- (b) Appalachian range, Cascade Range, Rocky Mountain, Coastal range
- (c) Appalachian range, Rocky Mountain, Cascade Range, Coastal range

(d) Rocky Mountain, Coastal range, Cascade Range, , Appalachian range

100. Consider the following pairs

Lake	Country
(A) Titicaca	(I) Canada
(B) Maracaibo	(II) Peru and Bolivia
(C) Great Bear	(III) USA
(D) Michigan	(IV) Venezuela

Match the above correctly using the following codes:

A	B	C	D
(a) II	IV	I	III
(b) III	I	II	IV
(c) I	II	IV	III
(d) III	IV	I	II